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SRN 0895
MT-ROP-N0895-2018

Project Number: 2018080494-2
Project Type: Method 306a Stack Testing
Testing Date: August 22, 2018
Report Date: 10/10/18
Page Number: 1

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IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL:

Four (4) sample bottles, from 306A air testing, identified as SVN-6:

PROCEDURE:

Lacks Enterprises, Inc. is an electroplating facility specializing in nickel and chromium plating for the automotive industry. A Method 306A Stack Test was performed in order to demonstrate compliance with the Renewable Operating Permit for the chromium etch process. The tested system consists of one stack which exhausts emissions from three chromium etch tanks controlled by a 3-stage composite mesh pad system.

The system tested, SVN-6, has a duct diameter of 46 inches. The sampling points were located more than 2.0 duct diameters downstream from a bend in the stack, and more than 0.5 duct diameters upstream from a bend before the top of the stack. Therefore, the sampling points for the stack met the criteria for an acceptable sampling point as specified in Section 11 of USEPA Method 1 (40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A). There are twelve (12) sampling points on two traverses for a total of twenty-four (24) sampling points as per Section 11 of USEPA Method 1. Specific pressure drop readings and other operating data was recorded by Mr. Eric Dangoy, Mr. Anthony Rodriguez, and Mr. Jeffrey Zak of Scientific Control Laboratories, Inc. and Lacks Enterprises, Inc. personnel. This data is included at the end of this report. A stack test plan was submitted to the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality for their review on June 21, 2018.

The USEPA Method 306A sampling procedure was performed on August 22, 2018 by Mr. Eric Dangoy, Mr. Anthony Rodriguez, and Mr. Jeffrey Zak of Scientific Control Laboratories, Inc. All analyses were performed in accordance with the EPA approved test procedures as specified in 40 CFR, Part 63, Method 306A.

RESULTS:

Leak tests were conducted before and after each run and were found to be less than 0.02 ft³/min. The presence of cyclonic flow was checked at each sampling location and the average angle of misalignment was 3.33°. Since the average angle of misalignment for the stack was less than 20°, the amount of cyclonic flow is acceptable. Samples were analyzed by ICP-MS for the detection of total chromium.

CONCENTRATION BASED RESULTS

Sample I.D.	Test Conc. ¹	Total Cr Emissions²	Current Emission Limit
Test Run #1	3.33 µg	0.0017 mg/dscm	N/A
Test Run #2	2.90 µg	0.0015 mg/dscm	N/A
Test Run #3	2.79 µg	0.0014 mg/dscm	N/A
Blank	0.309 µg	NA	N/A

¹ Analyzed by ElementOne, ² Calculated by SCL (see attached)

AVERAGE (Total Chromium) = 0.0015 MG/DSCM

Note: It is our policy to keep copies of reports for seven years. The data is kept on file for up to seven years. Samples (if applicable) are kept for three weeks. Samples that are hazardous will be returned to the client. If this policy poses a difficulty, please contact us to make other arrangements. If reproduced, our report, must be reproduced completely. Any unauthorized alteration of this report invalidates the content.



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MASS BASED RESULTS

Sample I.D.	Test Conc. ¹	Total Cr Emissions ²	Current Emission Limit
Test Run #1	3.33 µg	0.00017 lbs/hr	0.00037 lbs/hr
Test Run #2	2.90 µg	0.00015 lbs/hr	0.00037 lbs/hr
Test Run #3	2.79 µg	0.00014 lbs/hr	0.00037 lbs/hr
Blank	0.309 µg	NA	N/A

¹ Analyzed by ElementOne, ² Calculated by SCL (see attached)

AVERAGE (Total Chromium) = 0.00015 lb/hr

Section 1:

SUPPLEMENTAL CALCULATIONS FOR SCOT INDUSTRIES INC.

Equation (taken from Method 306A, FR 1/25/95, Pg. 4992):

$$C_{cr} = \frac{(M_{cr})(T_m + 460)}{(499.8)(Y_m)(V_m)(P_{bar})}$$

Where:

- C_{cr} = Concentration in stack gas in mg/dscm
- M_{cr} = Amount of Cr in sample from stack sampling in micrograms
- T_m = Dry gas meter temperature, ° F
- Y_m = Dry gas meter correction factor
- V_m = Dry gas meter volume in ft³
- P_{bar} = Barometric pressure in inches of Hg

Stack Test Results Test Run #1

(417 ml in test trial #1 sample)

- M_{cr} = 3.33 micrograms
- T_m = 81.4° F
- Y_m = 0.977 (see section 2)
- V_m = (2.056 m³)(35.315 ft³/m³) = 72.61 ft³
- P_{bar} = 30.0 in Hg

$$C_{cr} = \frac{(3.33)(81.4+460)}{(499.8)(0.977)(71.76)(30.0)} = \mathbf{0.0017 \text{ mg/dscm}}$$

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Stack Test Results Test Run #2
 (489 ml in test trial #2 sample)

$M_{cr} = 2.90$ micrograms
 $T_m = 89.5^\circ$ F
 $Y_m = 0.977$ (see section 2)
 $V_m = (2.009 \text{ m}^3)(35.315 \text{ ft}^3/\text{m}^3) = 70.95 \text{ ft}^3$
 $P_{bar} = 30.1$ in Hg

$$C_{cr} = \frac{(2.90)(89.5+460)}{(499.8)(0.977)(70.95)(30.1)} = 0.0015 \text{ mg/dscm}$$

Stack Test Results Test Run #3
 (457 ml in test trial #2 sample)

$M_{cr} = 2.79$ micrograms
 $T_m = 91.9^\circ$ F
 $Y_m = 0.977$ (see section 2)
 $V_m = (2.056 \text{ m}^3)(35.315 \text{ ft}^3/\text{m}^3) = 72.61 \text{ ft}^3$
 $P_{bar} = 30.1$ in Hg

$$C_{cr} = \frac{(2.79)(91.9+460)}{(499.8)(0.977)(72.61)(30.1)} = 0.0014 \text{ mg/dscm}$$

Section 1B Volumetric Flowrate Results:

Volumetric Flow Rate is calculated as follows:

$$Q_{std} = 62,234 v_s A \left(\frac{P_s}{T_{s(avg)}} \right)$$

Eq.306A-12

Where:

V_s = stack gas average velocity as calculated by Equation 306A-9, in (ft/sec)
 A = Cross-sectional area of stack, in ft^2
 P_s = Absolute stack gas pressure, in inHg
 $T_{s(avg)}$ = Absolute average stack gas temperature, in R

$$v_s = 85.49 \times C_P (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_{s(avg)}}{P_s M_s}}$$

Eq. 306A-9

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Where:

C_p = Pitot tube coefficient
 $P_{avg}^{1/2}$ = Average velocity head measured by pitot tube, inH₂O
 $T_{s(avg)}$ = Absolute average stack gas temperature, in R
 P_s = Absolute stack gas pressure, in inHg
 M_s = Molecular weight of wet stack gas in (lb/lb-mol)

Volumetric flowrate calculation Test Run #1

$C_p = 0.84$
 $(P_{avg})^{1/2} = 0.71 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}$
 $T_{s(avg)} = 546.3 \text{ R}$
 $P_s = 30.0 \text{ in Hg}$
 $M_s = 28.62 \text{ lb/lb-mol}$

$$v_s = (85.49)(0.84)(0.71)[(546.3)/(30.0)(28.62)]^{1/2} = 40.7 \text{ ft/sec}$$

$V_s = 40.7 \text{ ft/sec}$
 $A = 11.54 \text{ ft}^2$
 $P_s = 30.0 \text{ in Hg}$
 $T_{s(avg)} = 546.3 \text{ R}$

$$Q_{std} = (62,234)(40.7)(11.54)[(30.1)/(546.3)] = 45,640 \text{ dscm/hr}$$

1,610,509 ft³/hr
26,842 ft³/min

Volumetric flowrate calculation Test Run #2

$C_p = 0.84$
 $P_{avg}^{1/2} = 0.71 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}$
 $T_{s(avg)} = 551.8 \text{ R}$
 $P_s = 30.1 \text{ in Hg}$
 $M_s = 28.62 \text{ lb/lb-mol}$

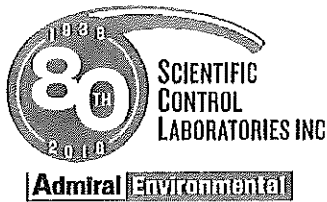
$$v_s = (85.49)(0.84)(0.71)[(551.8)/(30.1)(28.62)]^{1/2} = 40.8 \text{ ft/sec}$$

$V_s = 40.8 \text{ ft/sec}$
 $A = 11.54 \text{ ft}^2$
 $P_s = 30.1 \text{ in Hg}$
 $T_{s(avg)} = 551.8 \text{ R}$

$$Q_{std} = (62,234)(40.8)(11.54)[(30.1)/(551.8)] = 45,296 \text{ dscm/hr}$$

1,598,374 ft³/hr
26,640 ft³/min

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Volumetric flowrate calculation Test Run #3

$C_p = 0.84$
 $P_{avg}^{1/2} = 0.71 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}$
 $T_{s(avg)} = 549.8 \text{ R}$
 $P_s = 30.1 \text{ in Hg}$
 $M_s = 28.62 \text{ lb/lb-mol}$

$$v_s = (85.49)(0.84)(0.71)[(549.8)/(30.1)(28.62)]^{1/2} = 40.7 \text{ ft/sec}$$

$V_s = 40.7 \text{ ft/sec}$
 $A = 11.54 \text{ ft}^2$
 $P_s = 30.1 \text{ in Hg}$
 $T_{s(avg)} = 549.6 \text{ R}$

$$Q_{std} = (62,234)(40.7)(11.54)[(30.1)/(549.8)] = 45,349 \text{ dscm/hr}$$

$1,600,257 \text{ ft}^3/\text{hr}$
 $26,671 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min}$

Section 1C Mass Emission Rate

The mass emission rate is calculated as follows:

$$ER = C_{cr} \times Q_{std} \times 10^{-3} (mg/hr)$$

Eq.306A-13

Where:

C_{cr} = Concentration of Cr in stack gas, dry basis, in $\mu\text{g/dscm}$
 Q_{std} = Average stack gas volumetric flow in dscm/hr

Mass Emission Rate Test Run #1

$C_{cr} = 1.7 \text{ ug/dscm}$
 $Q_{std} = 45,640 \text{ dscm/hr}$

$$ER = (1.7)(45,640)(10^{-3}) = 77.6 \text{ mg/hr} = 0.00017 \text{ lbs/hr}$$

Mass Emission Rate Test Run #2

$C_{cr} = 1.5 \text{ ug/dscm}$
 $Q_{std} = 44,373 \text{ dscm/hr}$

$$ER = (1.5)(44,373)(10^{-3}) = 66.6 \text{ mg/hr} = 0.00015 \text{ lbs/hr}$$

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Mass Emission Rate Test Run #3

$C_{cr} = 1.4 \text{ ug/dscm}$
 $Q_{std} = 45,349 \text{ dscm/hr}$

$$ER = (1.4)(45,349)(10^{-3}) = 63.5 \text{ mg/hr} = \mathbf{0.00014 \text{ lbs/hr}}$$

Section 2:

Calculation for Pre and Post Test Gas Meter Calibration:

Pre-Test Calibration (08/21/2018):

The meter was run for 6 minutes with a critical orifice that allows 0.75 cfm. The meter recorded a volume of 4.662 ft³. The average temperature was 75.5° F and the barometric pressure was 29.80 in. of mercury.

Post-Test Calibration (09/21/2018):

The meter was run for 6 minutes with a critical orifice that allows 0.75 cfm. The meter recorded a volume of 4.556 ft³. The average temperature was 77.5° F and the barometric pressure was 29.90 in. of mercury.

$$Y_m = \frac{V_{m(std),mfg} \times T_m}{17.64 \times V_m \times P_{bar}}$$

$K_1 = 17.64$

V_m = volume of gas recorded from posttest in ft³

P_{bar} = barometric pressure in inches of mercury

T_m = temperature in degrees R

$V_{m(std),mfg}$ = Volume of gas sample measured by manufacture's calibrated orifice and dry gas meter, corrected to standard conditions (dscf)

$$V_{m(std),mfg} = V_{cr(std)} = K' \frac{P_{bar} \theta}{\sqrt{T_{amb}}}$$

where (see attached calibration sheet for values):

K' = factor from orifice calibration sheet provided with critical orifice by manufacturer

P_{bar} = barometric pressure in inches of mercury

θ = time in minutes

T_{amb} = ambient temperature in degrees R

$$V_{(std),mfg} = \frac{0.5876(29.65)(6)}{\sqrt{539}}$$

$$V_{(std),mfg} = 4.50 \text{ ft}^3$$



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Therefore,

$$Y_{m(\text{pretest})} = \frac{(4.50) \times (75.5 + 460)}{17.64 \times 4.662 \times 29.80}$$

$$Y_{m(\text{pretest})} = 0.983$$

$$Y_{m(\text{posttest})} = \frac{(4.50) \times (77.5 + 460)}{17.64 \times 4.556 \times 29.90}$$

$$Y_{m(\text{posttest})} = 1.007$$

Post Y_m value as compared to pretest Y_m value

$$\frac{Y_{m(\text{pretest})}}{Y_{m(\text{posttest})}} = \frac{0.983}{1.007} = 0.977$$

Since the Y value is between 0.95 and 1.05, the gas meter is acceptable.

CONCLUSION:

The tests were conducted to demonstrate compliance with the Renewable Operating Permit. The results indicate that SVN-6 at Lacks Enterprises, Inc. meets the chromium emission limit of 0.00037 lbs/hr limit for their chromium etch system.

I certify that the preceding results are true and accurate.

Respectfully submitted,

SCIENTIFIC CONTROL LABORATORIES, INC.

By 
Eric Dangoy, Engineering Services

ED:ed