

RECEIVED

FEB 20 2023

AIR QUALITY DIVISION



erthwrks

AIR EMISSIONS TESTING FOR INDUSTRY

Emissions Performance Testing

for

Marathon Petroleum Company LP

at the

Marathon Detroit Refinery in Detroit, MI

on the

CX5 Fuel Oil Heater

Unit: EU22-FUELOILHTR-S1

Permit No. MI-ROP-A9831-2012c

Prepared for:



Marathon Petroleum Company LP

Test Date: December 19, 2022

Erthwrks Project No. 9049.1.D4



Endorsement Page

This report was developed in accordance with the requirements designated in the applicable regulatory permit(s) and or regulatory rules. To the best of my knowledge the techniques, instrumentation, and calculations presented in this report will serve to accurately and efficiently detail the results of the test campaign requirements.

Erthwrks, Inc.

Name: Jason Dunn

Title: QC Specialist

Signature: 

This report has been reviewed for accuracy and completeness. The actions presented in this report are, to the best of my knowledge, an accurate representation of the results and findings of the test campaign. Erthwrks, Inc. operates in conformance with the requirements on ASTM D7036-04 Standard Practice for Competence of Air Emission Testing Bodies and is accredited as such by the Stack Testing Accreditation Council (STAC) and the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA).

Erthwrks, Inc.

Name: John Wood

Title: Technical Director

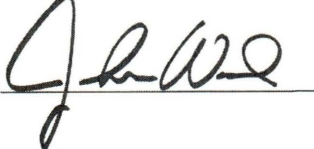
Signature: 

Table of Contents

1.0	INTRODUCTION	4
1.1	Identification, location and dates of tests	4
1.2	Purpose of Testing.....	4
1.3	Description of Source.....	4
1.4	Contact Information	5
2.0	SUMMARY OF RESULTS	6
3.0	SOURCE DESCRIPTION.....	6
3.1	Description of the process	6
3.2	Applicable permit and source designation	6
3.3	Type and quantity of materials processed during tests	6
4.0	SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES.....	7
4.1	Gaseous Emissions – CO, O ₂ , and CO ₂	7
4.2	Particulate Matter Sampling – EPA Method 5/202.....	8
4.3	EPA Method CTM-013 (ALT-133 Analysis) H ₂ SO ₄ Determination	9
4.4	Discussion of sampling procedure or operational variances.....	10

ATTACHMENTS

- A. Detailed Results of Emissions Test
- B. Quality Control Documentation
- C. Method 5/202/8A Field Datasheets
- D. Example Calculations
- E. Raw Datalog Records
- F. Calibrations and Certifications
- G. CEMS Logs
- H. Laboratory Analysis

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Identification, location and dates of tests

Erthwrks, Inc. was contracted to conduct emission testing on the CX5 Fuel Oil Heater in operation at the Marathon Detroit Refinery, located in Detroit Michigan. The testing program was conducted on December 19, 2022.

1.2 Purpose of Testing

This test program was conducted to determine the oxides of nitrogen (NO_x), carbon monoxide (CO), particulate matter (PM) and sulfuric acid (H₂SO₄) emissions emitted from the CX5 Fuel Oil Heater. The testing was conducted in accordance with the requirements in the Marathon Permit No. MI-ROP-A9831-2012c and the Title 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B.

1.3 Description of Source

The CX5 Fuel Oil Heater (EU22-FUELOILHTR-S1) is fired by refinery fuel gas. Emissions are vented to the atmosphere via the CX5 Fuel Oil Heater Stack where testing was performed.

1.4 Contact Information

Marathon Petroleum Company LP

Emily Mattson
Environmental Professional
1300 South Fort Street
Detroit, MI 48217
313-236-1501
EGMattson@marathonpetroleum.com

Erthwrks, Inc.

Jarrold Hoskinson
Senior Project Manager
P.O. Box 150549
Austin, TX 78745
512-994-7487 office
888-573-9994 fax
jhoskinson@erthwrks.com

Erthwrks, Inc.

Jason Dunn
QC Specialist
P.O. Box 150549
Austin, TX 78745
614-565-9177 office
888-573-9994 fax
jdunn@erthwrks.com

Facility Location:

Detroit Refinery
1300 South Fort Street
Detroit, MI 48217



2.0 SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Table 2.1—Marathon CX5 Fuel Oil Heater (EU22-FUELOILHTR-S1) Compliance Results

Pollutant Measured	Methodology	Measured Results	Applicable Limit	Pass/Fail
CO	EPA Method 10	0.0024 lb/MMBtu	0.02 lb/MMBtu	<i>Pass</i>
NO _x	EPA Method 7E	0.0956 lb/MMBtu	0.10 lb/MMBtu	<i>Pass</i>
H ₂ SO ₄	EPA Method CTM-013	0.0001 lb/MMBtu	n/a	<i>n/a</i>
PM	EPA Method 5	0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.0019 lb/MMBtu	<i>Pass</i>
PM/PM ₁₀	EPA Method 5/202	0.0015 lb/MMBtu	0.0076 lb/MMBtu	<i>Pass</i>

3.0 SOURCE DESCRIPTION

3.1 Description of the process

Marathon Petroleum Company LP produces refined petroleum products from crude oil and is required to demonstrate that select process emission sources are operating in compliance with permitted emissions limits.

The CX5 Fuel Oil Heater (EU22-FUELOILHTR-S1) preheats the feed to the reactor is fired by refinery fuel gas. Emissions are vented to the atmosphere via the CX5 Fuel Oil Heater Stack (SV22-1-H1) where testing will be performed.

3.2 Applicable permit and source designation

Marathon Petroleum Company LP operates the CX5 Fuel Oil Heater (EU22-FUELOILHTR-S1) under EGLE Renewable Operating Permit No. MI-ROP-A9831-2012c.

3.3 Type and quantity of materials processed during tests

During the emission testing on December 19, 2022, at the Marathon Petroleum Company LP Refinery, the CX5 Fuel Oil Heater was tested while operating at the maximum achievable load condition. This operational data was provided by MPC and is located in Attachment G of this report.

4.0 SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

4.1 Gaseous Emissions – NOX, CO, O₂, and CO₂

For the gaseous sampling, Erthwrks utilized a stainless-steel probe, of sufficient length to reach all sampling points, inserted into a sampling port that is located on the stack in accordance with EPA Method 1. The sample is extracted through the probe, a heated Teflon sampling line, to a heating filter. The sample then enters a minimum contact sample conditioner that cools and removes moisture from the gas matrix prior to entering the Erthwrks sampling manifold.

Erthwrks followed all quality assurance and quality control procedures as defined in US EPA 40 CFR 60 Appendix A. The Calibration Error (CE) Test was conducted as specified in EPA Method 7E §8.2.3. In accordance with this requirement, a three-point analyzer calibration error test was conducted prior to sampling. The CE test was conducted by introducing the low, mid, and high-level calibration gasses (as defined in EPA Method 7E §3.3.1-3) sequentially and the response was recorded. The results of the CE test are acceptable if the calculated calibration error is within $\pm 2.0\%$ of calibration span (or ≤ 0.5 ppmv).

The Initial System Bias and System Calibration Error Check was conducted in accordance with EPA Method 7E §8.2.5. The upscale calibration gas was introduced at the probe upstream of all sample system components and the response recorded. The procedure will be repeated with the low-level gas and the response recorded. During this activity, the sample system response time will also be recorded. This specification is acceptable if the calculated values of the system calibration error check are within $\pm 5.0\%$ of the calibration span value (or ≤ 0.5 ppmv).

After each test run, the sample system bias check is conducted to validate the run data. The low-level and upscale drift are calculated using Equation 7E-4. The run data is valid if the calculated drift is within $\pm 3.0\%$ of the calibration span value (or ≤ 0.5 ppmv).

After each test run, the corrected effluent gas concentration was calculated as specified in EPA Method 7E §12.6. The arithmetic average of all valid concentration values are adjusted for bias using equation 7E-5B.

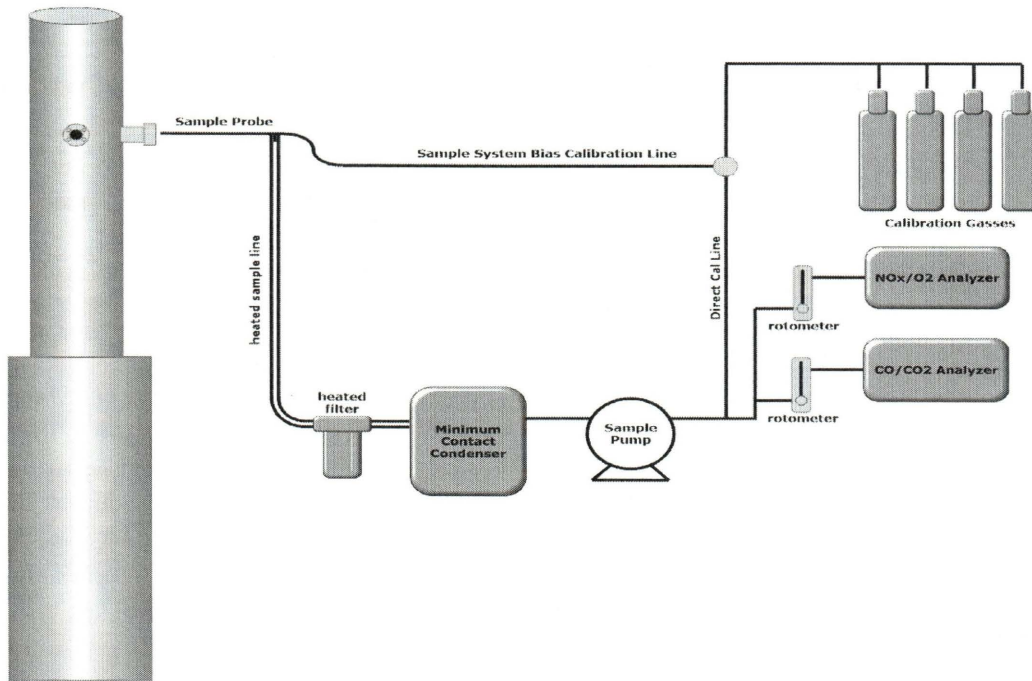


Figure 1: Example Erthwrks Gaseous Sampling System Diagram

4.2 Particulate Matter Sampling – EPA Method 5/202

EPA Test Method 1 will be used for the selection of sampling points. Stack dimensions, number of sample ports and sample port locations were confirmed prior to testing to determine the appropriate number of traverse points for the test.

EPA Test Method 5 was used to determine filterable particulate matter emission rates. Method 5 is the method at which particulate matter is withdrawn isokinetically from the source and collected on a glass fiber filter and on the lining of the isokinetic probe maintained at a temperature of $120 \pm 14^{\circ}\text{C}$. Upon completion of each test run, the nozzle and probe liner were rinsed and brushed with acetone. The acetone rinse catch will be collected and combined with the filter holder rinse and labeled as “front half rinse”. The total PM mass, which includes any material that condenses at or above the filtration temperature, is determined gravimetrically. Filterable PM will be calculated by combining the net gravimetric gain of the filter and the net gravimetric gain of the evaporated front half rinse. Figure 2 below shows the Method 5 sampling system components.

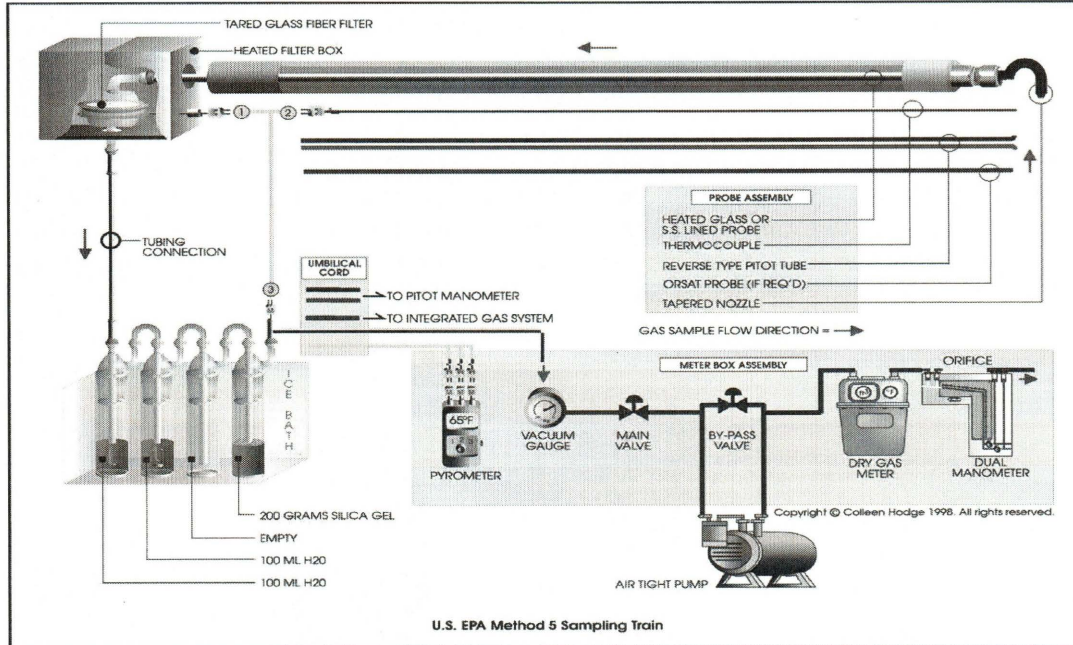


Figure 2: Example Erthwrks PM System Diagram

For the determination of PM/PM₁₀, condensable particulate matter (CPM) was measured via EPA Method 202. The Method 202 components begin at the back half of the Method 5 filter housing. The filterable particulate matter is removed in these “front half” components. The condensable particulate matter is then collected by drawing the filtered gas through a water jacketed, spiral condenser maintained at 65° – 85° F. The cooled effluent gas is then passed through two empty impingers and finally through a hexane extracted Teflon filter. Upon completion of each test run, the moisture collected in this portion of the sampling train is purged with ultra-high purity (UHP) nitrogen gas for one hour to remove any dissolved sulfur dioxide. The moisture is collected in a container and combined with the deionized water used to rinse all Method 202 sampling glassware two times.

The glassware is next rinsed with hexane and acetone. These rinses are collected and combined in an additional container. The Teflon filter is removed from the filter housing, labeled, and collected. Gravimetric analysis is then conducted on the extracted, evaporated samples for each run.

4.3 EPA Method CTM-013 (ALT-133 Analysis) H₂SO₄ Determination

The H₂SO₄ emissions were determined utilizing the conditional test method 13 (CTM-013). The sample was extracted at a constant rate through a quartz lined heated probe (>350 °F), A heated quartz filter holder and filter (>500 °F), and through a Modified Graham condenser (H₂SO₄ Condenser) with Type C glass frit and 200 cm of 5-mmID glass tubing

condenser coil. The H₂SO₄ condenser is maintained between 167 to 185 °F. Because SO₂ was not to be determined via this method, the sample was then passed through four impingers with the specifications delineated in EPA Method 4.

The sampling was conducted at a single point at a constant rate of about 10 L/min and the DGM readings and all temperatures were recorded every five minutes. After the completion of the test run, the samples were recovered in accordance with the test method and the samples were sent to Enthalpy Analytical for analysis via Ion Chromatography (ALT-133). See the figure below that details the CTM-013 Sampling Train.

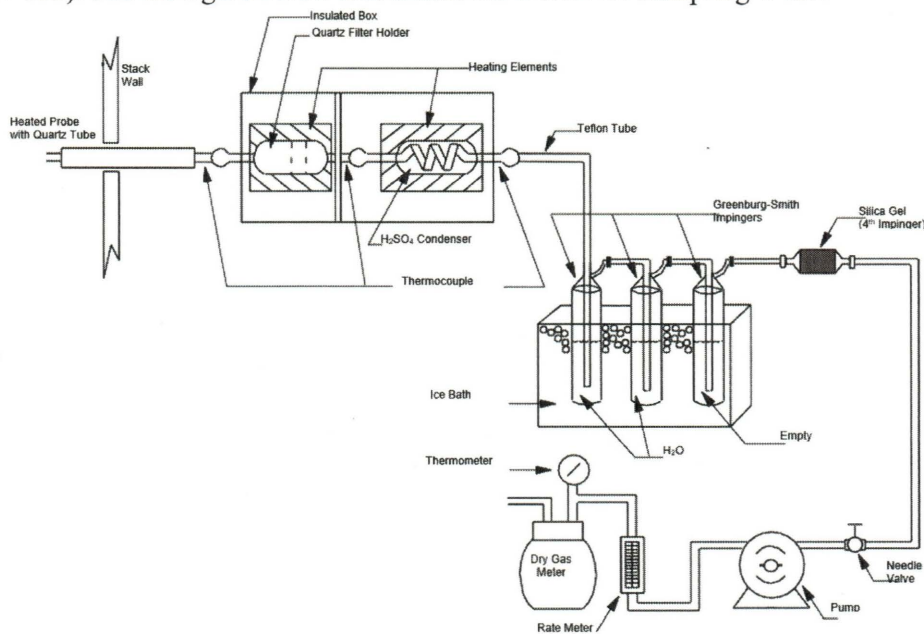


Figure 3: Example Erthwrks H₂SO₄ System Diagram

4.4 Discussion of sampling procedure or operational variances

No sampling procedure or operational variances.

Attachment A
Detailed Results of Emission Test

Summary of Results

Date: 12/19/2022
Client: Marathon Petroleum Company
Facility: Detroit Refinery
Unit ID: CX-5
Erthwrks Tech: Jarrod Hoskinson, Austin Squires

Run Information				
Run Number	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	
Date	12/19/2022	12/19/2022	12/19/2022	
Run Start Time	11:45	13:30	15:10	
Run End Time	12:50	14:35	16:15	
Stack Gas Flow Rate (Method 1-4)				
Stack Gas Flow Rate, Q, (dscfh)	7.47E+04	7.92E+04	7.66E+04	7.68E+04
Unit Fuel Flow Data				
Fuel F Factor (F _d) (scf/MMBtu)	8415.7	8415.7	8415.7	8415.7
Fuel Gross Heating Value (Btu/scf)	822	822	822	822
Fuel Flow (scf/hr)	7110	7110	7110	7110
Fuel Heat Rate (F _H) (MMBtu/hr)	5.84	5.84	5.84	5.84
Emission Concentrations				
NOx (ppmvd)	48.06	48.70	49.09	48.62
CO (ppmvd)	2.58	1.43	1.89	1.97
O ₂ (%vd)	10.28	10.01	10.37	10.22
Emission Concentrations O ₂ Corrected		Corrected To: 0 % Oxygen		
NOx (ppmv @ %O ₂)	94.58	93.46	97.43	95.16
CO (ppmv @ %O ₂)	5.08	2.74	3.75	3.86
Emission Rates (lb/scf)				
NOx (lb/scf)	5.74E-06	5.81E-06	5.86E-06	5.80E-06
CO (lb/scf)	1.88E-07	1.04E-07	1.37E-07	1.43E-07
Emission Rates (lb/MMBtu)				
NOx (lb/MMBtu)	0.0950	0.0939	0.0979	0.0956
CO (lb/MMBtu)	0.0031	0.0017	0.0023	0.0024
Emission Rates (lb/hr)				
NOx (lb/hr)	0.43	0.46	0.45	0.45
CO (lb/hr)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01

Detailed Summary of Results

Client: Marathon Petroleum
Facility: Detroit Refinery
Unit ID: CX-5
Erthwrks Tech: Austin Squires, Oscar Sanchez, Jarrod Hoskinson

Run Information				
Run Number	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	
Date	12/19/2022	12/19/2022	12/19/2022	
Run Start Time	16:42	17:50	18:56	
Run End Time	17:42	18:50	19:56	
Unit Fuel Flow Data				Averages
Fuel F Factor (F _d) (scf/MMBtu)	8415.7	8415.7	8415.7	8415.7
Emission Concentrations				
H ₂ SO ₄ (ug)	145.0	60.8	51.9	85.90
Train volume (scf)	21.54	20.89	21.09	21.17
O ₂ (%vd)	9.93	10.10	9.96	10.00
Emission Rates				
H ₂ SO ₄ (lb/scf)	1.48E-08	6.42E-09	5.42E-09	8.89E-09
H ₂ SO ₄ (ppm)	0.06	0.03	0.02	0.03
H ₂ SO ₄ (lb/MMBtu)	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001

Erthwrks Particulate Matter Summary of Results

Client: Marathon Petroleum
Project: 9049.1.D4
Facility: Detroit Refinery
Unit ID: CX-5

Run Designation						
Run Number		1	2	3	Average	
Date		12/19/2022	12/19/2022	12/19/2022		mm:dd:yyyy
Run Start Time		11:45	13:30	15:10		hh:mm
Run End Time		12:50	14:35	16:15		hh:mm

Operating Conditions						
Heating Value		822	822	822	822	Btu/scf
Fuel Flow		7110	7110	7110	7110	scf/hr
Firing Rate (MMBtu/hr)		5.84	5.84	5.84	5.84	MMBtu/hr

Stack Gas Composition						
Oxygen Concentration	(%O ₂)	10.28	10.01	10.37	10.22	%
Carbon Dioxide Concentration	(%CO ₂)	5.90	6.04	5.70	5.88	%
Stack Moisture Content	(B _{ws})	10.97	11.02	11.20	11.06	%
Stack Dry Molecular Weight	(M _d)	29.36	29.37	29.33	29.35	lb/lb-mole
Stack Wet Molecular Weight	(M _s)	28.11	28.11	28.06	28.09	lb/lb-mole

Stack Gas Volumetric Flow Calculations						
Absolute Stack Pressure	(P _s)	30.40	30.42	30.42	30.41	in Hg
Average Stack Temperature	(t _s) _{avg}	1139.1	1127.8	1152.4	1139.8	°R
Average Square Root of ΔP's	(Δp ^{1/2}) _{avg}	0.1899	0.2005	0.1963	0.1956	%
Average Stack Gas Velocity	(v _s)	944.62	992.31	982.70	973.21	ft/min
Average Stack Gas Flow	(Q _{sw})	2.97E+03	3.12E+03	3.09E+03	3.06E+03	acfm
Wet Standard Stack Flow Rate	(Q _{sw})	8.38E+04	8.90E+04	8.63E+04	8.64E+04	wscfh
Dry Standard Stack Flow Rate	(Q _{sd})	7.47E+04	7.92E+04	7.66E+04	7.68E+04	dscfh

Particulate Matter Emission Rate Calculations						
Mass of Filterable PM (M.5)	mg	0.50	0.5	1.9	0.97	mg
Mass of Condensable PM (M.202)	mg	1.20	1.7	1.9	1.60	mg
Total Mass of Particulates	mg	1.70	2.20	3.80	2.57	mg
Filterable PM Mass Concentration	lb/dscf	2.26E-08	2.12E-08	8.42E-08	4.26E-08	lb/dscf
Total PM Mass Concentration	lb/dscf	7.68E-08	9.31E-08	1.68E-07	1.13E-07	lb/dscf
Filterable PM Mass Emission Rate	lb/hr	0.002	0.002	0.006	0.003	lb/hr
Total PM Mass Emission Rate	lb/hr	0.006	0.007	0.013	0.009	lb/hr
Filterable PM Mass Emission Rate	lb/day	0.04	0.04	0.15	0.08	lb/day
Total PM Mass Emission Rate	lb/day	0.14	0.18	0.31	0.21	lb/day
Filterable PM Mass Emission Rate	lb/MMbtu	0.0003	0.0003	0.0011	0.0006	lb/MMbtu
Total PM Mass Emission Rate	lb/MMbtu	0.0010	0.0013	0.0022	0.0015	lb/MMbtu