

**MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT, GREAT LAKES, AND ENERGY
AIR QUALITY DIVISION**

February 7, 2024

**PERMIT TO INSTALL
12-24**

ISSUED TO
Corewell Health South – Lakeland Hospital

LOCATED AT
1234 Napier Avenue
Saint Joseph, Michigan 49085

IN THE COUNTY OF
Berrien

STATE REGISTRATION NUMBER
C7554

The Air Quality Division has approved this Permit to Install, pursuant to the delegation of authority from the Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy. This permit is hereby issued in accordance with and subject to Section 5505(1) of Article II, Chapter I, Part 55, Air Pollution Control, of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451, as amended. Pursuant to Air Pollution Control Rule 336.1201(1), this permit constitutes the permittee's authority to install the identified emission unit(s) in accordance with all administrative rules of the Department and the attached conditions. Operation of the emission unit(s) identified in this Permit to Install is allowed pursuant to Rule 336.1201(6).

DATE OF RECEIPT OF ALL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY RULE 203: November 30, 2023	
DATE PERMIT TO INSTALL APPROVED: February 7, 2024	SIGNATURE:
DATE PERMIT VOIDED:	SIGNATURE:
DATE PERMIT REVOKED:	SIGNATURE:

PERMIT TO INSTALL

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COMMON ACRONYMS

AQD	Air Quality Division
BACT	Best Available Control Technology
CAA	Clean Air Act
CAM	Compliance Assurance Monitoring
CEMS	Continuous Emission Monitoring System
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
COMS	Continuous Opacity Monitoring System
Department/department/EGLE	Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy
EU	Emission Unit
FG	Flexible Group
GACS	Gallons of Applied Coating Solids
GC	General Condition
GHGs	Greenhouse Gases
HVLP	High Volume Low Pressure*
ID	Identification
IRSL	Initial Risk Screening Level
ITSL	Initial Threshold Screening Level
LAER	Lowest Achievable Emission Rate
MACT	Maximum Achievable Control Technology
MAERS	Michigan Air Emissions Reporting System
MAP	Malfunction Abatement Plan
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
NA	Not Applicable
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NESHAP	National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants
NSPS	New Source Performance Standards
NSR	New Source Review
PS	Performance Specification
PSD	Prevention of Significant Deterioration
PTE	Permanent Total Enclosure
PTI	Permit to Install
RACT	Reasonable Available Control Technology
ROP	Renewable Operating Permit
SC	Special Condition
SCR	Selective Catalytic Reduction
SNCR	Selective Non-Catalytic Reduction
SRN	State Registration Number
TBD	To Be Determined
TEQ	Toxicity Equivalence Quotient
USEPA/EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
VE	Visible Emissions

*For HVLP applicators, the pressure measured at the gun air cap shall not exceed 10 psig

POLLUTANT / MEASUREMENT ABBREVIATIONS

acfm	Actual cubic feet per minute
BTU	British Thermal Unit
°C	Degrees Celsius
CO	Carbon Monoxide
CO ₂ e	Carbon Dioxide Equivalent
dscf	Dry standard cubic foot
dscm	Dry standard cubic meter
°F	Degrees Fahrenheit
gr	Grains
HAP	Hazardous Air Pollutant
Hg	Mercury
hr	Hour
HP	Horsepower
H ₂ S	Hydrogen Sulfide
kW	Kilowatt
lb	Pound
m	Meter
mg	Milligram
mm	Millimeter
MM	Million
MW	Megawatts
NMOC	Non-Methane Organic Compounds
NO _x	Oxides of Nitrogen
ng	Nanogram
PM	Particulate Matter
PM10	Particulate Matter equal to or less than 10 microns in diameter
PM2.5	Particulate Matter equal to or less than 2.5 microns in diameter
pph	Pounds per hour
ppm	Parts per million
ppmv	Parts per million by volume
ppmw	Parts per million by weight
psia	Pounds per square inch absolute
psig	Pounds per square inch gauge
scf	Standard cubic feet
sec	Seconds
SO ₂	Sulfur Dioxide
TAC	Toxic Air Contaminant
Temp	Temperature
THC	Total Hydrocarbons
tpy	Tons per year
µg	Microgram
µm	Micrometer or Micron
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
yr	Year

GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. The process or process equipment covered by this permit shall not be reconstructed, relocated, or modified, unless a Permit to Install authorizing such action is issued by the Department, except to the extent such action is exempt from the Permit to Install requirements by any applicable rule. **(R 336.1201(1))**
2. If the installation, construction, reconstruction, relocation, or modification of the equipment for which this permit has been approved has not commenced within 18 months, or has been interrupted for 18 months, this permit shall become void unless otherwise authorized by the Department. Furthermore, the permittee or the designated authorized agent shall notify the Department via the Supervisor, Permit Section, Air Quality Division, Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy, P.O. Box 30260, Lansing, Michigan 48909-7760, if it is decided not to pursue the installation, construction, reconstruction, relocation, or modification of the equipment allowed by this Permit to Install. **(R 336.1201(4))**
3. If this Permit to Install is issued for a process or process equipment located at a stationary source that is not subject to the Renewable Operating Permit program requirements pursuant to Rule 210 (R 336.1210), operation of the process or process equipment is allowed by this permit if the equipment performs in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Permit to Install. **(R 336.1201(6)(b))**
4. The Department may, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, revoke this Permit to Install if evidence indicates the process or process equipment is not performing in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit or is violating the Department's rules or the Clean Air Act. **(R 336.1201(8), Section 5510 of Act 451, PA 1994)**
5. The terms and conditions of this Permit to Install shall apply to any person or legal entity that now or hereafter owns or operates the process or process equipment at the location authorized by this Permit to Install. If the new owner or operator submits a written request to the Department pursuant to Rule 219 and the Department approves the request, this permit will be amended to reflect the change of ownership or operational control. The request must include all of the information required by subrules (1)(a), (b), and (c) of Rule 219 and shall be sent to the District Supervisor, Air Quality Division, Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy. **(R 336.1219)**
6. Operation of this equipment shall not result in the emission of an air contaminant which causes injurious effects to human health or safety, animal life, plant life of significant economic value, or property, or which causes unreasonable interference with the comfortable enjoyment of life and property. **(R 336.1901)**
7. The permittee shall provide notice of an abnormal condition, start-up, shutdown, or malfunction that results in emissions of a hazardous or toxic air pollutant which continue for more than one hour in excess of any applicable standard or limitation, or emissions of any air contaminant continuing for more than two hours in excess of an applicable standard or limitation, as required in Rule 912, to the Department. The notice shall be provided not later than two business days after start-up, shutdown, or discovery of the abnormal condition or malfunction. Written reports, if required, must be filed with the Department within 10 days after the start-up or shutdown occurred, within 10 days after the abnormal condition or malfunction has been corrected, or within 30 days of discovery of the abnormal condition or malfunction, whichever is first. The written reports shall include all of the information required in Rule 912(5). **(R 336.1912)**
8. Approval of this permit does not exempt the permittee from complying with any future applicable requirements which may be promulgated under Part 55 of 1994 PA 451, as amended or the Federal Clean Air Act.
9. Approval of this permit does not obviate the necessity of obtaining such permits or approvals from other units of government as required by law.
10. Operation of this equipment may be subject to other requirements of Part 55 of 1994 PA 451, as amended and the rules promulgated thereunder.

11. Except as provided in subrules (2) and (3) or unless the special conditions of the Permit to Install include an alternate opacity limit established pursuant to subrule (4) of Rule 301, the permittee shall not cause or permit to be discharged into the outer air from a process or process equipment a visible emission of density greater than the most stringent of the following. The grading of visible emissions shall be determined in accordance with Rule 303 (R 336.1303). **(R 336.1301)**
 - a) A six-minute average of 20 percent opacity, except for one six-minute average per hour of not more than 27 percent opacity.
 - b) A visible emission limit specified by an applicable federal new source performance standard.
 - c) A visible emission limit specified as a condition of this Permit to Install.
12. Collected air contaminants shall be removed as necessary to maintain the equipment at the required operating efficiency. The collection and disposal of air contaminants shall be performed in a manner so as to minimize the introduction of contaminants to the outer air. Transport of collected air contaminants in Priority I and II areas requires the use of material handling methods specified in Rule 370(2). **(R 336.1370)**
13. The Department may require the permittee to conduct acceptable performance tests, at the permittee's expense, in accordance with Rule 1001 and Rule 1003, under any of the conditions listed in Rule 1001. **(R 336.2001)**

EMISSION UNIT SPECIAL CONDITIONS

EMISSION UNIT SUMMARY TABLE

The descriptions provided below are for informational purposes and do not constitute enforceable conditions.

Emission Unit ID	Emission Unit Description (Including Process Equipment & Control Device(s))	Installation Date / Modification Date	Flexible Group ID
EUBULBCRUSHER	One 55-gallon drum-top fluorescent light bulb crusher. Emissions are controlled by two cartridge filters followed in series by two HEPA filters.	TBD	NA

Changes to the equipment described in this table are subject to the requirements of R 336.1201, except as allowed by R 336.1278 to R 336.1291.

EUBULCRUSHER EMISSION UNIT CONDITIONS

DESCRIPTION

One 55-gallon drum-top fluorescent light bulb crusher. Emissions are controlled by two cartridge filters followed in series by two HEPA filters.

Flexible Group ID: NA

POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT

Drum-top crusher is controlled by two cartridge filters followed in series by two HEPA filters.

I. EMISSION LIMIT(S)

NA

II. MATERIAL LIMIT(S)

1. The permittee shall not crush more than the equivalent of 300 eight-foot fluorescent light bulbs in EUBULCRUSHER per calendar day.¹ **(R 336.1224, R 336.1225)**

III. PROCESS/OPERATIONAL RESTRICTION(S)

1. EUBULCRUSHER shall be installed, maintained, and operated in a satisfactory manner to minimize emissions to the ambient air. Recommended Best Management Practices for Drum-top Crushers and Recommended Best Management Practices for Lamp Handling & Storage are specified in Appendices 1 and 2. **(R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1910)**
2. The permittee shall maintain and operate EUBULCRUSHER according to the manufacturer's specifications and procedures. **(R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1910)**
3. EUBULCRUSHER shall be located a minimum of 750 feet from any existing places of residence or private or public assembly; any school, apartment building, or institutional occupancy; and any hospital or nursing home.¹ **(R 336.1225)**
4. The permittee shall minimize the time necessary to change out the 55-gallon drum portion of EUBULCRUSHER. All drum change outs shall be performed according to the manufacturer's specifications and procedures.¹ **(R 336.1224, R 336.1225)**
5. All broken glass and metal pieces collected in the 55-gallon drum portion of EUBULCRUSHER shall be properly handled, transported, and disposed of in accordance with all applicable state rules and federal regulations.¹ **(R 336.1224, R 336.1225)**

IV. DESIGN/EQUIPMENT PARAMETER(S)

1. The permittee shall not operate EUBULCRUSHER unless the cartridge filters followed in series by HEPA filters are installed, maintained, and operated in a satisfactory manner. **(R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1910)**
2. The permittee shall not operate EUBULCRUSHER with a warped drum that prevents the crushing unit from sealing flush with the drum top. The permittee shall verify that the seal between the crusher unit and the drum is tight before each use, according to manufacturer's recommended procedures.¹ **(R 336.1224, R 336.1225)**

3. The permittee shall seal the feed chute of EUBULBCRUSHER with a cap or other similar device whenever the unit is not in use.¹ **(R 336.1224, R 336.1225)**

V. TESTING/SAMPLING

Records shall be maintained on file for a period of five years. **(R 336.1201(3))**

NA

VI. MONITORING/RECORDKEEPING

Records shall be maintained on file for a period of five years. **(R 336.1201(3))**

1. The permittee shall keep the following information on a monthly basis for EU-BULBCRUSHER:
 - a) The number and size of fluorescent light bulbs crushed per calendar day.
The permittee shall keep the records in the format specified in Appendix 3.¹ **(R 336.1224, R 336.1225)**
2. The permittee shall keep, in a satisfactory manner, records indicating when the HEPA filter was replaced.¹ **(R 336.1224, R 336.1225)**
3. The permittee shall keep, in a satisfactory manner, transportation, and disposal records of all broken glass and metal pieces collected in the 55-gallon drum portion of EUBULBCRUSHER.¹ **(R 336.1224, R 336.1225)**
4. The permittee shall monitor and record, in a satisfactory manner, the room temperature, on an hourly basis, while EUBULBCRUSHER is operating. The permittee shall keep all records on file at the facility and make them available to the Department upon request.¹ **(R 336.1224, R 336.1225)**

VII. REPORTING

NA

VIII. STACK/VENT RESTRICTION(S)

NA

IX. OTHER REQUIREMENT(S)

NA

Footnotes:

¹ This condition is state only enforceable and was established pursuant to Rule 201(1)(b).

APPENDIX 1

RECOMMENDED BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR DRUM-TOP CRUSHERS (DTC)

1. The DTC should be commercially manufactured by a reliable manufacturer. The unit should have a vacuum pump to create negative internal pressure and well designed and tightly fitted seals at all connection points. The DTC must include a bag filter followed in series by a HEPA filter and an activated carbon filter to control particulate emissions.
2. The DTC should be used and stored in a room completely segregated from other parts of the building, with a dedicated ventilation/exhaust system that discharges to the ambient air. The DTC should not be used or stored in areas where the temperature is elevated (e.g. a boiler room). Use workroom ventilation to create a slight negative pressure throughout the entire work area, so any fugitive emissions are captured by the facility's air filtration system. Workroom ventilation/exhaust or exhaust from the DTC should be located away from air intakes.
3. If the DTC must be moved, all ports should be covered or plugged, and movement should be done in a manner to avoid disturbing the contents of the drum. Ports should also be plugged or sealed when the DTC is not in use.
4. All operators should be trained in the proper assembly, maintenance and operation of the DTC. This includes training in the proper use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE); inspection of the DTC to determine proper assembly, damage or wear; feeding spent lamps into the DTC; changing filters and carbon; drum change-outs; and proper clean up of broken lamps.
5. All operators should wear appropriate PPE when operating the DTC. PPE includes puncture-resistant gloves, safety glasses or a face shield, dedicated uniforms or disposable coveralls and booties, and a fit-tested respirator with cartridges designed specifically for use with mercury. Clothing and PPE worn while operating the DTC should not be worn outside the areas designated for DTC use.
6. Before each use, the operator should inspect the DTC for damage or worn components; improper assembly; missing, damaged or improperly fitted seals; seal integrity between the crusher unit and the drum; proper vacuum (negative pressure); and proper air flow.
7. The DTC should be operated according to manufacturer's recommendations. This includes not crushing more than the manufacturer-recommended number of lamps per drum and not using the DTC continually for longer than the manufacturer recommends. The DTC should not be opened to put debris into the drum.
8. The manufacturer's recommended maintenance schedule should be followed for carbon filter and drum change outs. A maintenance log should be kept with the DTC recording all carbon filter changes, drum change outs and other maintenance.
9. Drum change outs should be performed according to the manufacturer's specifications and procedures, and operators conducting change outs should wear appropriate PPE. Before changing a drum, allow the contents to settle for at least 15 minutes before removing the DTC from the drum. The drum should be changed by two trained operators, and the full drum should be covered as quickly as possible and tightly sealed. Crushed lamps should not be removed from the drum.
10. The DTC should not be used if there is phosphor (white powder) on or around the DTC; there is any damage to the DTC, especially the vacuum system, seals or filters; or the DTC has been incorrectly assembled or modified in any way.
11. Drums containing crushed lamps should be managed according to applicable federal and state regulations and sent to a commercial recycler. Crushed lamp drums should be structurally sound and well sealed. Crushed lamps should not be transferred to a different container. Drums containing crushed lamps should not be stored in an area where the temperature is elevated (e.g., boiler room) or in the direct sun. A cleanup plan should be developed in the event a drum containing crushed lamps is spilled. The plan should incorporate procedures recommended by the equipment manufacturer, as well as standard industry practices.

APPENDIX 2

RECOMMENDED BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR LAMP HANDLING & STORAGE

- 1. Storage of Lamps – Designate an area within your facility to store lamps.**
 - Storage locations should be away from high traffic areas.
 - Larger facilities may need more than one location for easier access.
 - Storage rooms should be clean, dry and free of broken lamp debris.
 - Areas should ideally have an air handling system that is independent from the rest of the building that does not re-circulate air or reintroduce air through vents and intakes.
- 2. Handling Spent Lamps – Employees should know whom to call if a lamp is burned out.**
 - Trained employees should remove lamps carefully to prevent breakage.
 - Spent lamps should immediately be stored in a sturdy container.
 - Spent lamps should not be left in a position or in an area where they can be easily broken.
- 3. Storage of Spent Lamps – Spent lamps can be put back into original boxes, or specially made lamp containers can be purchased for spent lamp storage.**
 - Containers should be closed, structurally sound, and constructed to provide protection from breakage during storage and transportation.
 - Containers should lack evidence of leaks, spills, or damage that could cause leaks or a release of mercury.
 - Containers should be stable and stored in such a way that they will not easily tip over.
 - Do not pack too many lamps into a container – the pressure could lead to breakage.
 - Do not stack containers too high – additional weight of the pile could crush lamps on the bottom.
 - Do not tape lamps together or use rubber bands.
 - Clearly identify containers of spent lamps (e.g., Waste Lamps or Used Lamps)
 - Close and securely seal containers with tape.
- 4. Handling Broken Lamps – Broken lamps release mercury and may present health hazards. Follow MIOSHA, EPA, and state regulations when managing broken lamps.**
 - Create procedures for reporting and managing broken lamps. Post these procedures in areas where fluorescent lamps are handled or stored.
 - Follow the clean-up procedure at www.epa.gov/mercury/spills/index.htm#fluorescent. Clean up procedures (specific instructions and clean up contact) should be posted in areas where fluorescent lamps are handled or stored.
 - Keep broken lamps in a sealed container, and keep the container in a cool place, away from high traffic areas, preferably outdoors.
 - Keep cleaning implements used for broken lamps in the room or area and do not use them elsewhere in the facility.
 - Do not open containers of broken lamps to add or remove broken lamps.

