MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY AIR QUALITY DIVISION

April 11, 2011

PERMIT TO INSTALL 476-94F

ISSUED TO Cadillac Asphalt, LLC

51777 West 12 Mile Road Wixom, Michigan

IN THE COUNTY OF Oakland

FRIS PENINSULA

STATE REGISTRATION NUMBER B1960

The Air Quality Division has approved this Permit to Install, pursuant to the delegation of authority from the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality. This permit is hereby issued in accordance with and subject to Section 5505(1) of Article II, Chapter I, Part 55, Air Pollution Control, of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451, as amended. Pursuant to Air Pollution Control Rule 336.1201(1), this permit constitutes the permittee's authority to install the identified emission unit(s) in accordance with all administrative rules of the Department and the attached conditions. Operation of the emission unit(s) identified in this Permit to Install is allowed pursuant to Rule 336.1201(6).

DATE OF RECEIPT OF ALL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY RULE 203: January 3, 2011				
DATE PERMIT TO INSTALL APPROVED: April 11, 2011	SIGNATURE:			
DATE PERMIT VOIDED:	SIGNATURE:			
DATE PERMIT REVOKED:	SIGNATURE:			

PERMIT TO INSTALL

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Common Abbreviations / Acronyms

Common Acronyms		Pollutant/Measurement Abbreviations		
AQD	Air Quality Division	BTU	British Thermal Unit	
BACT	Best Available Control Technology	°C	Degrees Celsius	
CAA	Clean Air Act	СО	Carbon Monoxide	
CEM	Continuous Emission Monitoring	dscf	Dry standard cubic foot	
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	dscm	Dry standard cubic meter	
СОМ	Continuous Opacity Monitoring	°F	Degrees Fahrenheit	
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency	gr	Grains	
EU	Emission Unit	Hg	Mercury	
FG	Flexible Group	hr	Hour	
GACS	Gallon of Applied Coating Solids	H ₂ S	Hydrogen Sulfide	
GC	General Condition	hp	Horsepower	
HAP	Hazardous Air Pollutant	lb	Pound	
HMA	Hot Mix Asphalt	m	Meter	
HVLP	High Volume Low Pressure *	mg	Milligram	
ID	Identification	mm	Millimeter	
LAER	Lowest Achievable Emission Rate	MM	Million	
MACT	Maximum Achievable Control Technology	MW	Megawatts	
MAERS	Michigan Air Emissions Reporting System	NO _x	Oxides of Nitrogen	
MAP	Malfunction Abatement Plan	PM	Particulate Matter	
MDNRE	Michigan Department of Natural Resources and Environment (Department)	PM10	PM less than 10 microns diameter	
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet	PM2.5	PM less than 2.5 microns diameter	
NESHAP	National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants	pph	Pound per hour	
NSPS	New Source Performance Standards	ppm	Parts per million	
NSR	New Source Review	ppmv	Parts per million by volume	
PS	Performance Specification	ppmw	Parts per million by weight	
PSD	Prevention of Significant Deterioration	psia	Pounds per square inch absolute	
PTE	Permanent Total Enclosure	psig	Pounds per square inch gauge	
PTI	Permit to Install	scf	Standard cubic feet	
RACT	Reasonable Available Control Technology	sec	Seconds	
RAP	Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement	SO ₂	Sulfur Dioxide	
ROP	Renewable Operating Permit	THC	Total Hydrocarbons	
RUO	Recycled Used Oil	tpy	Tons per year	
SC	Special Condition	μg	Microgram	
SCR	Selective Catalytic Reduction	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds	
SRN	State Registration Number	yr	Year	
TAC	Toxic Air Contaminant			
VE	Visible Emissions			

^{*} For High Volume Low Pressure (HVLP) applicators, the pressure measured at the HVLP gun air cap shall not exceed ten (10) pounds per square inch gauge (psig).

GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1. The process or process equipment covered by this permit shall not be reconstructed, relocated, or modified, unless a Permit to Install authorizing such action is issued by the Department, except to the extent such action is exempt from the Permit to Install requirements by any applicable rule. (R 336.1201(1))
- 2. If the installation, construction, reconstruction, relocation, or modification of the equipment for which this permit has been approved has not commenced within 18 months, or has been interrupted for 18 months, this permit shall become void unless otherwise authorized by the Department. Furthermore, the permittee or the designated authorized agent shall notify the Department via the Supervisor, Permit Section, Air Quality Division, Michigan Department of Environmental Quality, P.O. Box 30260, Lansing, Michigan 48909, if it is decided not to pursue the installation, construction, reconstruction, relocation, or modification of the equipment allowed by this Permit to Install. (R 336.1201(4))
- 3. If this Permit to Install is issued for a process or process equipment located at a stationary source that is not subject to the Renewable Operating Permit program requirements pursuant to R 336.1210, operation of the process or process equipment is allowed by this permit if the equipment performs in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Permit to Install. (R 336.1201(6)(b))
- The Department may, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, revoke this Permit to Install if evidence indicates the process or process equipment is not performing in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit or is violating the Department's rules or the Clean Air Act. (R 336.1201(8), Section 5510 of Act 451, PA 1994)
- 5. The terms and conditions of this Permit to Install shall apply to any person or legal entity that now or hereafter owns or operates the process or process equipment at the location authorized by this Permit to Install. If the new owner or operator submits a written request to the Department pursuant to R 336.1219 and the Department approves the request, this permit will be amended to reflect the change of ownership or operational control. The request must include all of the information required by subrules (1)(a), (b), and (c) of R 336.1219 and shall be sent to the District Supervisor, Air Quality Division, Michigan Department of Environmental Quality. (R 336.1219)
- 6. Operation of this equipment shall not result in the emission of an air contaminant which causes injurious effects to human health or safety, animal life, plant life of significant economic value, or property, or which causes unreasonable interference with the comfortable enjoyment of life and property. (R 336.1901)
- 7. The permittee shall provide notice of an abnormal condition, start-up, shutdown, or malfunction that results in emissions of a hazardous or toxic air pollutant which continue for more than one hour in excess of any applicable standard or limitation, or emissions of any air contaminant continuing for more than two hours in excess of an applicable standard or limitation, as required in Rule 912, to the Department. The notice shall be provided not later than two business days after start-up, shutdown, or discovery of the abnormal condition or malfunction. Written reports, if required, must be filed with the Department within 10 days after the start-up or shutdown occurred, within 10 days after the abnormal conditions or malfunction has been corrected, or within 30 days of discovery of the abnormal condition or malfunction, whichever is first. The written reports shall include all of the information required in Rule 912(5). (R 336.1912)
- 8. Approval of this permit does not exempt the permittee from complying with any future applicable requirements which may be promulgated under Part 55 of 1994 PA 451, as amended or the Federal Clean Air Act.
- Approval of this permit does not obviate the necessity of obtaining such permits or approvals from other units of government as required by law.
- 10. Operation of this equipment may be subject to other requirements of Part 55 of 1994 PA 451, as amended and the rules promulgated thereunder.

- 11. Except as provided in subrules (2) and (3) or unless the special conditions of the Permit to Install include an alternate opacity limit established pursuant to subrule (4) of R 336.1301, the permittee shall not cause or permit to be discharged into the outer air from a process or process equipment a visible emission of density greater than the most stringent of the following. The grading of visible emissions shall be determined in accordance with R 336.1303. (R 336.1301)
 - a) A six-minute average of 20 percent opacity, except for one six-minute average per hour of not more than 27 percent opacity.
 - b) A visible emission limit specified by an applicable federal new source performance standard.
 - c) A visible emission limit specified as a condition of this Permit to Install.
- 12. Collected air contaminants shall be removed as necessary to maintain the equipment at the required operating efficiency. The collection and disposal of air contaminants shall be performed in a manner so as to minimize the introduction of contaminants to the outer air. Transport of collected air contaminants in Priority I and II areas requires the use of material handling methods specified in R 336.1370(2). (R 336.1370)
- 13. The Department may require the permittee to conduct acceptable performance tests, at the permittee's expense, in accordance with R 336.2001 and R 336.2003, under any of the conditions listed in R 336.2001. (R 336.2001)

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

EMISSION UNIT SUMMARY TABLE

The descriptions provided below are for informational purposes and do not constitute enforceable conditions.

Emission Unit ID	Emission Unit Description (Process Equipment & Control Devices)	Installation Date / Modification Date	Flexible Group ID
EUHMAPLANT	Hot mix asphalt (HMA) facility including: Aggregate conveyors, 600 tons per hour counter-flow drum/dryer mix plant, Fabric filter dust collector	3/5/1995 4/xx/2011	FGFACILITY
EUYARD	Fugitive dust sources including: Plant roadways, Plant yard, Material storage piles, Material handling operations (excluding cold feed aggregate bins)	3/5/1995	FGFACILITY
EUACTANKS	Liquid asphalt cement storage tanks	3/5/1995	FGFACILITY
EUSILOS	Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) paving material product storage silo	3/5/1995	FGFACILITY

Changes to the equipment described in this table are subject to the requirements of R 336.1201, except as allowed by R 336.1278 to R 336.1290.

The following conditions apply to: EUHMAPLANT

<u>DESCRIPTION</u>: Hot mix asphalt (HMA) facility including aggregate conveyors, 600 tons per hour counter-flow drum/dryer mix plant and a fabric filter dust collector

Flexible Group ID: FGFACILITY

POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT: Fabric filter baghouse dust collector

I. EMISSION LIMITS

Pollutant	Limit*	Time Period / Operating Scenario	Equipment	Testing / Monitoring Method	Underlying Applicable Requirements
1. PM	0.04 gr/dscf	Test Protocol ³	EUHMAPLANT	SC VI.3	40 CFR 60 Subparts A & I
2. PM	0.032 lb per ton ²	Test Protocol ³	EUHMAPLANT	SC VI.6, VI.9	R 336.1205(1)(a), R 336.1205(3)
3. CO	0.201 lb per ton ²	Test Protocol ³	EUHMAPLANT	SC VI.7, VI.8, VI.9	R 336.1205(1)(a), R 336.1205(3), R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1702
4. CO	89.9 tpy	12-month rolling time period as determined at the end of each calendar month	EUHMAPLANT	SC VI.6, VI.9	R 336.1205(1)(a), R 336.1205(3)
5. SO ₂	0.169 lb per ton ²	Test Protocol ³	EUHMAPLANT	SC VI.4, SC VI.6	R 336.1205(1)(a), R 336.1205(3)
6. SO ₂	75.5 tpy	12-month rolling time period as determined at the end of each calendar month	EUHMAPLANT	SC VI.6, VI.9	R 336.1205(1)(a), R 336.1205(3)
7. NO _x	0.18 lb per ton ²	Test Protocol ³	EUHMAPLANT	SC VI.6	R 336.1205(1)(a), R 336.1205(3)
8. NO _x	80.6 tpy	12-month rolling time period as determined at the end of each calendar month	EUHMAPLANT	SC VI.6, VI.9	R 336.1205(1)(a), R 336.1205(3)

Annual limits based on 895.000 tons HMA paving material production.

II. MATERIAL LIMITS

- 1. The permittee shall not burn any fuel other than natural gas, propane, #2 fuel oil through #6 fuel oil or recycled used oil (RUO) in EUHMAPLANT. (R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1702)
- 2. The permittee shall not burn in EUHMAPLANT any hazardous waste (as defined in state or federal law), blended fuel oil or specification recycled used oil (RUO) containing any contaminant that exceeds the following concentrations or for which the flash point, or ash content vary from the standards specified in the following table. (R 336.1201(3), 336.1225)

Pound pollutant per ton of HMA paving material produced.

Test Protocol shall specify averaging time.

Contaminant	Limit	Units
Arsenic	5.0	ppmw
Cadmium	2.0	ppmw
Chromium	10.0	ppmw
Lead	100.0	ppmw
PCBs	1.0	ppmw
Total Halogens	1000.0	ppmw
Sulfur	1.0	Weight %
Minimum Flash Point	100.0	°F
Maximum Ash Content	1.0	Weight %

- 3. The permittee shall not use any asbestos tailings or waste materials containing asbestos in EUHMAPLANT pursuant to the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants, 40 CFR Part 61 Subpart M. (R 336.1225, R 336.1901, 40 CFR Part 61 Subparts A & M)
- 4. The permittee shall limit the asphalt mixture processed in EUHMAPLANT to a maximum of 50 percent RAP material based on a monthly average. (R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1702)
- 5. The permittee shall not process more than 895,000 tons of HMA paving materials in EUHMAPLANT per 12-month rolling time period as determined at the end of each calendar month. (R 336.1205(3))
- 6. The permittee shall not process more than 600 tons of HMA paving materials in EUHMAPLANT per hour based on a daily average, which shall be determined by dividing the daily HMA production by the daily production hours. (R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1702)
- 7. The sulfur content of any fuel used in EUHMAPLANT shall not exceed 1.0 by weight. (R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1702, R 336.1901)

III. PROCESS/OPERATIONAL RESTRICTIONS

- 1. The permittee shall not operate EUHMAPLANT unless the Fugitive Dust Control Plan specified in Appendix A has been implemented and is maintained. (R 336.1371, R 336.1372, Act 451 324.5524)
- 2. The permittee shall not operate EUHMAPLANT unless the Preventative Maintenance Program specified in Appendix B has been implemented and is maintained. (R 336.1910, R 336.1911)
- 3. The permittee shall not operate EUHMAPLANT unless the Emission Abatement Plan for Startup, Shutdown and Malfunctions specified in Appendix C has been implemented and is maintained. (R 336.1911, R 336.1912)
- The permittee shall not operate EUHMAPLANT unless the Compliance Monitoring Plan (CMP) for RUO specified in Appendix D, or an alternate plan approved by the AQD District Supervisor, is implemented and maintained. (R 336.1201(3), R 336.1225, R 336.1371, R 336.1372, R 336.1910, R 336.1911, Act 451 324.5521, 40 CFR 279.55)
- 5. The permittee shall maintain the efficiency of the EUHMAPLANT drum mix burners, to control CO emissions, by fine tuning the burners for proper burner operation and performance. This shall be done at the start of each paving season or upon a malfunction of EUHMAPLANT as shown by the CO emission monitoring data. (R 336.1205, R 336.1901)

IV. DESIGN/EQUIPMENT PARAMETERS

1. The permittee shall not operate EUHMAPLANT unless the fabric filter dust collector is installed, maintained, and operated in a satisfactory manner. Satisfactory operation of the fabric filter dust collector requires a pressure drop range between 2 and 8 inches of water column. The minimum pressure drop shall not be less than 2 inches, water gauge, except when a large number of filter bags have been replaced or other reason acceptable to the AQD. (R 336.1910)

V. TESTING/SAMPLING

Records shall be maintained on file for a period of five years. (R 336.1201(3))

N/A

VI. MONITORING/RECORDKEEPING

Records shall be maintained on file for a period of five years. (R 336.1201(3))

- 1. All required calculations shall be completed in a format acceptable to the AQD District Supervisor by the 15th day of the calendar month, for the previous calendar month, unless otherwise specified in any monitoring/recordkeeping special condition. (R 336.1201, R 336.1205(3))
- 2. The permittee shall monitor, in a satisfactory manner, the virgin aggregate feed rate and the RAP feed rate to EUHMAPLANT on a continuous basis. (R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1702)
- 3. The permittee shall monitor emissions and operating information in accordance with the federal Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources as specified in 40 CFR Part 60 Subparts A and I for EUHMAPLANT. The permittee shall keep records of all source emissions data and operating information on file at the facility and make them available upon request. (40 CFR Part 60 Subparts A & I)
- 4. The permittee shall keep the following records for each calendar month that EUHMAPLANT is operated:
 - a) Identification, type and the amounts (in gallons) of all fuel oils combusted.
 - b) Sulfur content (percent by weight), specific gravity, flash point, and higher heating value (Btu/lb) of all fuel oils being combusted.
 - c) Tons of hot mix asphalt containing RAP produced, including the average percent of RAP per ton of hot mix asphalt produced containing RAP.

All records shall be kept on file and made available to the Department upon request. (R 336.1205(1)(a), R 336.1205(3), R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1402, R 336.1702, R 336.1901)

- 5. The permittee shall keep intermittent daily records of the following production information for EUHMAPLANT:
 - a) The virgin aggregate feed rate.
 - b) The RAP feed rate.
 - c) The asphalt paving material product temperature.
 - d) Information sufficient to identify all components of the asphalt paving material mixture.

Upon start-up, the initial mix design and time shall be recorded. When a new mix design is activated after start-up, the time and new mix design shall be recorded. All records shall be kept on file until the end of the paving season in which they were recorded and made available to the Department upon request. (R 336.1205(1)(a), R 336.1205(3), R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1702, R 336.1901)

6. The permittee shall keep in a satisfactory manner, monthly and 12-month rolling time period emission calculation records of all criteria pollutants listed in the Emission Limit Table for EUHMAPLANT. If stack test results for EUHMAPLANT exist for any of the aforementioned pollutants, those stack test results may be used to estimate pollutant emissions subject to the approval of the AQD. In the event that stack test results do not exist for a specific pollutant, the applicable emission factor listed in the Emission Limit Table shall be used to estimate the emissions of a pollutant from EUHMAPLANT. All records shall be kept on file and

made available to the Department upon request. (R 336.1205(1)(a), R 336.1205(3), R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1702)

- 7. The permittee shall monitor, with a handheld CO monitor, the CO emissions from EUHMAPLANT and the production data associated with the time the emissions data were collected. The CO emissions should be less than 500 ppmv to ensure EUHMAPLANT is operating properly. One data set shall be recorded for each of the following occurrences:
 - a) Upon start-up of each paving season.
 - b) Upon a malfunction.
 - c) After every 500 hours of operation.

A data set shall consist of at least eight separate CO readings and shall be taken over a total time period of thirty minutes or longer. Any request for an alternate monitoring schedule shall be submitted in writing to the AQD District Supervisor for review and approval. Data collected by this method shall be used for determining proper burner operation. (R 336.1205(1)(a), R 336.1205(3), R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1702, R 336.1901)

- 8. The permittee shall keep records, as described in SC VI.7, of all CO emissions and related production data including the dates and times emissions were monitored. This data shall be used to ensure proper operation of the drum dryer or associated burner. All records shall be kept on file and made available to the Department upon request. (R 336.1205(1)(a), R 336.1205(3), R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1702)
- 9. The permittee shall keep, in a satisfactory manner, average daily, monthly and 12-month rolling time period records of the amount of HMA paving materials produced from EUHMAPLANT. All records shall be kept on file and made available to the Department upon request. (R 336.1205(1)(a), R 336.1205(3))
- 10. The permittee shall keep daily records of the hours during which HMA is produced, to comply with SC II.6. (R 336.1224, R 336.1225, R 336.1702)

VII. REPORTING

N/A

VIII. STACK/VENT RESTRICTIONS

The exhaust gases from the stacks listed in the table below shall be discharged unobstructed vertically upwards to the ambient air unless otherwise noted:

Stack & Vent ID	Maximum Exhaust Dimensions (inches)	Minimum Height Above Ground (feet)	Underlying Applicable Requirements
1. SVHMAPLANT	72	47	R 336.1225 R 336.1901 R 336.1803, R 336.1804 40 CFR 52.21 (c) & (d)

IX. OTHER REQUIREMENTS

Footnotes:

¹This condition is state only enforceable and was established pursuant to Rule 201(1)(b).

The following conditions apply to: EUYARD

<u>DESCRIPTION</u>: Fugitive dust from the source includes: Plant roadways, Plant yard, Material storage piles, Material handling operations (excluding cold feed aggregate bins).

Flexible Group ID: FGFACILITY

POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT: N/A

I. EMISSION LIMITS

N/A

II. MATERIAL LIMITS

N/A

III. PROCESS/OPERATIONAL RESTRICTIONS

1. The permittee shall not operate EUYARD unless the program for fugitive emissions control specified in Appendix B has been implemented and is maintained. (R 336.1371, R 336.1372, Act 451 324.5524)

IV. <u>DESIGN/EQUIPMENT PARAMETERS</u>

N/A

V. TESTING/SAMPLING

Records shall be maintained on file for a period of five years. (R 336.1201(3))

N/A

VI. MONITORING/RECORDKEEPING

Records shall be maintained on file for a period of five years. (R 336.1201(3))

- 1. All required calculations shall be completed in a format acceptable to the AQD District Supervisor by the 15th day of the calendar month, for the previous calendar month, unless otherwise specified in any monitoring/recordkeeping special condition. (R 336.1371, R 336.1372, R 336.1901)
- 2. The permittee shall calculate, in a satisfactory manner, the annual fugitive dust emissions of particulate matter for EUYARD using the current U. S. EPA Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors (AP-42) or other emission factors approved by the Department such as those used in the MAERS. (R 336.1371, R 336.1372, R 336.1901)

VII. REPORTING

1. The permittee shall report the actual emission levels for EUYARD to the AQD through the annual emission reporting required under Section 5503(k) of Article II, Chapter 1, Part 55, Air Pollution Control, of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451, as amended (Act 451). (R 336.1371, R 336.1372, R 336.1901)

VIII. STACK/VENT RESTRICTIONS

N/A

IX. OTHER REQUIREMENTS

N/A

Footnotes: ¹This condition is state only enforceable and was established pursuant to Rule 201(1)(b).

FLEXIBLE GROUP SUMMARY TABLE

The descriptions provided below are for informational purposes and do not constitute enforceable conditions.

Flexible Group ID	Flexible Group Description	Associated Emission Unit IDs
FGFACILITY	All process equipment source-wide including equipment covered by other permits, grand-fathered equipment and exempt equipment.	EUHMAPLANT EUYARD EUTANKS EUSILOS

The following conditions apply Source-Wide to: FGFACILITY

<u>DESCRIPTION:</u> All process equipment source-wide including equipment covered by other permits, grandfathered equipment and exempt equipment.

Emission Units: EUHMAPLANT, EUYARD, EUTANKS, EUSILOS

POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT: Fabric filter baghouse dust collector

I. EMISSION LIMITS

Pollutant	Limit	Time Period	Equipment	Testing / Monitoring Method	Applicable Requirements
1. Each Individual HAP	Less than 9.0 tpy *	12-month rolling time period as determined at the end of each calendar month	FGFACILITY	SC VI.2	R 336.1205(3)
2. Aggregate HAPs	Less than 22.5 tpy *	12-month rolling time period as determined at the end of each calendar month	FGFACILITY	SC VI.2	R 336.1205(3)

^{*} Beginning on ISSUE DATE, and continuing for the first 12 calendar months, this limit applies to the cumulative total HAP emissions. Thereafter, the limit shall become a 12-month rolling limit.

II. MATERIAL LIMITS

N/A

III. PROCESS/OPERATIONAL RESTRICTIONS

N/A

IV. DESIGN/EQUIPMENT PARAMETERS

N/A

V. TESTING/SAMPLING

Records shall be maintained on file for a period of five years. (R 336.1201(3))

N/A

VI. MONITORING/RECORDKEEPING

Records shall be maintained on file for a period of five years. (R 336.1201(3))

1. All required calculations shall be completed in a format acceptable to the AQD District Supervisor and made available by the 15th day of the calendar month, for the previous calendar month, unless otherwise specified in any monitoring/recordkeeping special condition. (R 336.1201)

- 2. The permittee shall keep the following information for FGFACILITY:
 - a) Individual and aggregate HAP emission calculations determining the monthly emission rate of each in tons per calendar month.
 - b) Individual and aggregate HAP emission calculations determining the annual emission rate of each in tons per 12-month rolling time period as determined at the end of each calendar month. For the first month following permit issuance, the calculations shall include the summation of emissions from the 11-month period immediately preceding the issuance date. For each month thereafter, calculations shall include the summation of emissions for the appropriate number of months prior to permit issuance plus the months following permit issuance for a total of 12 consecutive months.

If stack test results for FGFACILITY exist for any of the aforementioned pollutants, those stack test results may be used to estimate pollutant emissions subject to the approval of the AQD. In the event that stack test results do not exist for a specific pollutant, the applicable emission factor listed in the Emission Limit Table shall be used to estimate the emissions of a pollutant from FGFACILITY. All records shall be kept on file and made available to the Department upon request. (R 336.1205(3))

VII. REPORTING

N/A

VIII. STACK/VENT RESTRICTIONS

N/A

IX. OTHER REQUIREMENTS

N/A

Footnotes:

¹This condition is state only enforceable and was established pursuant to Rule 201(1)(b).

Appendix A

FUGITIVE DUST CONTROL PLAN

PURPOSE: This plan provides dust control strategies for the areas adjacent to and associated with the equipment operations involved in the manufacture of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) paving materials.

1. SITE MAINTENANCE

- a. Dust on all areas where vehicular traffic will travel shall be controlled by the application of water, sweeping, vacuuming, or other acceptable dust control method. This will occur a minimum of two times per month or more frequently as dictated by weather conditions and vehicular activity. The dust control method shall be acceptable as determined by the District Supervisor.
- b. The speed of vehicles on the site will be limited to 10 miles per hour or less. Signs will be posted to advise drivers of the speed limitation.
- c. Stock piling will be performed in a manner that minimizes freefall drop distance.
- d. Piles will be maintained to prevent fugitive dust. This includes the use of watering, covering and encrusting agents.

2. MANAGEMENT OF ON-SITE ROADWAYS

- a. All the roadways on which the HMA haul vehicles will travel are paved with HMA. This includes the roadway on which the vehicles travel around the process equipment to be loaded with HMA paving materials.
- b. During the operating season, the paved plant roads shall be controlled by the application of water, sweeping, vacuuming, or other acceptable dust control method that minimizes the introduction of the dust to the ambient air to control fugitive dust emissions and track-out dust. This will occur a minimum of two times per month or more frequently as dictated by weather conditions and vehicular activity. The dust control method shall be acceptable as determined by the District Supervisor.
- c. During the operating season, the unpaved travel surfaces shall be controlled by the application of water, sweeping, vacuuming, or other acceptable dust control method on a frequency sufficient to meet the visible emission opacity standard of five (5) percent opacity specified in Section 5524 of Article II, Chapter 1, Part 55, Air Pollution Control, of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451, as amended.
- d. Any aggregate spillage on roads shall be removed immediately.

3. ON-SITE MANAGEMENT OF HAUL VEHICLES

- a. INCOMING TRUCKS: All trucks entering the site to deliver aggregates will be required to have the loads covered.
- b. OUT-GOING TRUCKS: All trucks leaving the site with HMA paving materials will be required to cover their loads prior to leaving the site. A sign shall be posted to advise drivers of this requirement.

4. MANAGEMENT OF FRONT-END LOADER OPERATIONS

The front-end loader operator shall be directed to avoid overfilling the bucket of the loader and the feed hoppers to prevent spillage, and to minimize the drop height of the material when loading the feed hoppers or transferring material to stockpiles.

5. RECORDKEEPING

Records of dust control activities on travel surfaces and other surfaces where fugitive dust emissions occur shall be kept on file and made available to AQD staff upon request until the end of the paving season. The records will indicate the date, time, what was observed or the reason for the dust control activity (routine or other), and what action was taken. The records shall be maintained in an operations log book or in a readily accessible electronic format.

6. FUGITIVE EMISSIONS FROM PROCESS EQUIPMENT AND FABRIC FILTER DUST COLLECTOR

Any fugitive emissions from leak(s) and malfunction(s) from any transfer system, storage bin, mixer, hopper, or fabric filter dust collector shall be immediately corrected to prevent further fugitive emissions.

Appendix B

PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE PROGRAM FOR THE FABRIC FILTER DUST COLLECTOR

The Preventative Maintenance Program for the Fabric Filter Dust Collector is for the purpose of keeping the dust collector in good operating condition, and thereby, maintaining the rated capture efficiency of the dust collector for the control of particulate matter. ALL REFERENCES TO <u>VISIBLE EMISSIONS</u> IN THIS DOCUMENT, PARTICULARLY IN SEC. 5, REFER SPECIFICALLY TO VISIBLE EMISSIONS CAUSED BY A DUST (PARTICULATE) EMISSION.

1. FABRIC FILTER DUST COLLECTOR OPERATING PRESSURE DROP.

- a. The pressure drop across the fabric filter dust collector shall be continuously measured and the minimum pressure drop shall not be less than 2 inches, water gauge, except when a large number of filter bags have been replaced or other reason acceptable to the AQD.
- b. The pressure drop across the fabric filter dust collector shall be recorded at least once per day.

2. FABRIC FILTER DUST COLLECTOR /PLANT ALARM SYSTEM.

The fabric filter dust collector shall be equipped with a high temperature sensor and alarm system. The alarm system shall be designed to set off an alarm when the high temperature set-point has been violated, and, to begin a sequential shut-down of the plant if the situation is not resolved within a very short period of time after the alarm sounds.

3. HANDLING AND STORAGE OF FABRIC FILTER DUST.

Accumulated fabric filter dust (particulate) shall be stored and/or be disposed of in a manner which minimizes the introduction of the air contaminants to the outer air.

4. PIPING AND SEALS MAINTENANCE.

Piping and seals shall be replaced as needed.

5. VISIBLE EMISSIONS AND ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN THE EVENT OF.

In the event visible emissions, which appear to exceed the standard allowed in General Condition No. 11 of this Permit to Install, are observed at the discharge point of the stack, the following actions shall be taken:

If no certified visible emissions reader can be on-site within 60 minutes of observing the visible emissions to verify the emission density, operations shall be ceased immediately and the cause of the visible emissions determined and corrected prior to operating the plant again.

REMINDER: If the visible emissions continue for more than 2 hours, in excess of an emission standard, an excess emissions report must be made to MDEQ.

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6. BLACK LIGHT INSPECTIONS.

A black light test shall be conducted at least once per year - before operations begin for a paving season. Black light inspection equipment and materials shall be available for use at the facility and used as needed during the paving season.

7. INVENTORY OF FILTER BAGS.

An inventory of fabric filter bags shall be maintained by the facility owner or operator so that filter bags will be available to this site within four hours of requesting the filter bags. In addition, a minimum of 15 filter bags shall be kept on-site at all times. An inventory of other replacement parts for the fabric filter dust collector shall be maintained at all times.

8. FABRIC FILTER DUST COLLECTOR INSPECTION RECORD.

A written or electronic record of the following shall be maintained by the owner or operator of the facility:

- Visual inspections of the interior components of the fabric filter dust collector, including date, time, and findings;
- Black light inspections, including date, time, and findings;
- Number of filter bags installed as a result of each inspection to replace filter bags already in use in the fabric filter dust collector, including date, time, location, and whether the replacement filter bag was brand new or a cleaned, previously used filter bag;
- An explanation (i.e., a description of the damage found) for each filter bag removed from the fabric filter dust collector and confirmation that another filter bag was installed to replace it;
- Each observation of visible emissions at the stack discharge point and description of response to the
 observed visible emission, including date and time of visible emission occurrence and results of EPA
 Method 9 observation, if any. Any such visible emission shall be recorded and made available upon
 request to the AQD.
- All significant maintenance activities performed on the fabric filter dust collector.

Appendix C EMISSION ABATEMENT PLAN FOR STARTUP, SHUTDOWN AND MALFUNCTIONS

This emission abatement plan is for the Cadillac Asphalt hot mix asphalt plant located at 51777 W. 12 Mile Road, Wixom, Michigan.

The plant is rated at 650 tons per hour of HMA. This is a counterflow drum plant. The dryer drum is inclined with the aggregates feed chute located at the top end and the burner at the bottom. RAP materials are added in the middle portion of the drum dryer/mixer. Mixing of the aggregate and RAP with liquid asphalt cement occurs in the lower portion of the drum below the flame zone, where liquid asphalt cement is added. The plant is capable of running a monthly average of 50% RAP.

1. Normal Startup Procedure

The operator shall begin firing EUHMAPLANT from a cold start on natural gas only.

The plant computer controls plant startup. At startup the plant operator will enter into the plant operations computer the mix design, the tons per hour and how many tons he wants to make.

Once the operator starts the equipment the computer will start the cold feed bins and set the feed rate at the tons per hour that the operator has requested. The feed rate will be different for each mix design and tons per hour asked for.

When the plant computer senses that aggregate is crossing over the belt scale a timer that has been previously calibrated for the particular mix starts to count down. When the timer reaches zero the asphalt is started and feed to the mixer. The two products (aggregate, asphalt cement) meeting together at the correct time will eliminate most dust that would escape from the mixing drum.

Material that is discharged at startup is removed by way of the drag slat and discharge gate. This material is dropped into a loader bucket, dump truck or a holding area. The material is then moved to the recycle pile. The drop height from the discharge gate is kept to the very minimum to keep any escaping dust from blowing.

2. Normal Shutdown Procedure

When the plant gets close to the total tons that the operator has asked for an alarm will sound. The operator has a short time to either switch mixes, increase the tons asked for or make a hot stop. If the operator does nothing the plant computer will start a normal shut down. When shutting down the mixing operation the plant computer stops the cold feed bins first. Material that is in process is allowed to proceed down the weigh belt. When the weigh belt senses that all material has cleared the belt a timer starts counting down to shut off the asphalt cement. This timer allows all of the aggregate to clear the drying drum and enter the mixer. The asphalt cement is timed for each mix designs so that the last of the aggregate and the asphalt cement meet at the mixing drum together.

Any mix that is wasted is discharged into the loader bucket, dump truck or into a holding area under the drag slat discharge gate and taken to the RAP pile for later crushing.

3. Hot Starts-Hot Stops

If the silos become too full, the plant operator may have to make a hot stop, (drier and mixer full of material). When this happens, there is no material discharged. The plant can remain in this mode for up to two hours. After a hot stop, the plant would make a hot start. The exhaust fan and burner would be started and once they were running the rest of the plant would be started. There is some waste discharged at this time. The waste that is discharged is coated with asphalt but is too cold to be sold to a customer. This cold material is discharged through the drag slat discharge gate and placed in the RAP pile for later reuse.

4. Malfunction Stops

If a malfunction (computer or mechanical) does occur during drying/mixing operations a hot stop would be initiated until the problem is corrected. If for some reason the problem could not be corrected and the drier/mixer had to be emptied the asphalt cement could be controlled manually. This would be done only after all attempts at correcting the problem were exhausted.

If for some reason the asphalt pump should fail and not be repaired the drum would be emptied of mixed material until the discharged aggregate gets dusty. The drum would then be stopped and the asphalt pump repaired. In addition there is a water supply at each location that can be used to knock down any blowing dust.

A. Identification of Supervisory and Maintenance Personnel

An updated list of current supervisory and maintenance personnel shall be kept at the plant. Descriptions of the responsibilities of these individuals for operation of the plant for startups, shutdowns, or malfunctions as well as inspections and repairs shall be stated on the updated list.

B. Description of Inspected Items

A daily walk around inspection will be done each morning while the plant is warming up. After startup, observations will be made of the baghouse stack for opacity and of the chutes, screw augers, and housings for any leaks. These observations should be carried out continuously during operations by the plant operator and by the loader operator as he feeds the plant.

Items inspected-observed are:

Roadways (fugitive dust)
Cold feed bins (falling aggregate)
Aggregate feed belts (falling aggregate)
Drier (seals for dust escaping)
Bucket elevator (seals for dust escaping)
Aggregate chutes (seals for dust escaping)
Screen (door seals for dust escaping)
Weigh hopper (seals for dust escaping)
Mixer (seals for dust escaping)
Baghouse (stack opacity)
Baghouse screws (shaft and door seals for dust escaping)

C. Frequency of Inspections

As stated above, a daily walk around inspection will be done each morning. This daily inspection will be followed with observations done by the plant operator and loader operator during the operations throughout the day. A list of items that are inspected-observed are contained in **Paragraph B.** A more thorough inspection will be done during the winter shutdown (normally from December 1 to April 1) for maintenance and repairs. Cadillac Asphalt, LLC (B1960) April 11, 2011 Permit No. 476-94F Page 20 of 23

The following items will be inspected (and repairs done if needed):

Cold feed bins (seals and belts rollers)
Belt lines (belts and rollers)
Dryer (shell, seals, flights)
Bucket elevator (chain, buckets, bearings, seals)
Chutes (liners, seals)
Screen (door seals, fugitive ductwork)
Weigh hopper (seals, calibration)
Mixer (seals, wear plate)

The baghouse will get a thorough inspection from the front inlet to the rear exhaust fan. This inspection will be done every spring before the paving season starts. (There are additional visual inspections done before and during the paving season as required by PTI No. 476-94E Appendix B).

Items to be inspected are:

Ductwork (inspected for thickness, will it last for the season)
Blow pipes, Diaphragm valves (are they working, good connections)
Bags and cages (condition of bags, age, number replaced during last season)
Dust screws - shaft seals and screw cover doors

D. Replacement Parts

A minimum of fifteen (15) bags are kept in stock at all times.

A minimum of 5 pounds of black light powder will be kept in stock at all times. This is the recommended quantity for the number of square feet of baghouse cloth.

A minimum of two (2) tubes of silicone caulk will be kept in stock for minor leaks around doors and seals.

E. Baghouse Variables and Monitoring

The baghouse is monitored continuously by the use of a magnehelic gage. The pressure differential between the dirty and clean side of the baghouse shall be maintained above 2 inches. If the pressure should rise above 10 inches water gauge signaling an inoperative diaphragm valve the plant shall be stopped and the defective valve repaired or replaced. If the differential pressure should drop below 2 inches water gauge company shall begin looking for a torn bag or a problem with the tubesheet between the dirty and clean side of the baghouse, this would also show up as a dirty stack. The only time the baghouse would normally drop below 2 inches water gauge is if a large number of filter bags were replaced.

If a large number of bags were replaced (over 100) the pressure on the magnehelic would drop slightly. This drop would only last for a day or less depending on the production.

Monitoring of the baghouse is done by observation, magnehelic or by the high temperature alarm that is set to go off at 375/400 degrees stack temperature.

F. Corrective Procedures and Responsible Persons

As long as the attached Startup-shutdown plan is followed there should be no problem meeting the compliance limits. If for some reason these limits were exceeded it would be the responsibility of the plant supervisor or in his absence the plant operator to stop the plant and correct the problem immediately. Rule 336.1912 shall be followed when abnormal conditions exist.

G. Drum Mix and Batch Normal Startup Procedures

During startup, operation and shutdown the following items will be monitored continuously:

Stack Temperature - As material starts through the plant the temperature has to be brought slowly by manually adjusting the burner. As the operator opens the burner he also opens the exhaust fan damper to maintain his quarter to one half inch of suction on the burner end of the drum.

Mix Temperature - As material starts flowing through the plant it is critical to watch mix discharge temperature in addition to the stack temperature. Too high of a discharge temperature, will cause blue smoke. Too low of a temperature, will not produce an acceptable product.

Exhaust Magnehelic - As material is fed into the drum and the burner is opened up the differential pressure in the baghouse will increase. As the plant reaches normal operating parameters the pressure differential will settle between 2 and 10 inches water gauge. The differential pressure can be adjusted by opening or closing the exhaust damper. The operator will want to keep between a quarter and one half-inch draw on the burner end for best efficiently.

Along with monitoring the above items the operator needs to know what the weather has done to change the moisture levels in the aggregate and RAP. The moisture will determine how much burner he will need today to reach his desired mix discharge temperature.

H. Communication Between Multiple Shift Operators

During multiple shift operations, communication between plant operators is critically important. Verbal communication between operators/shift leaders, as well as status updates left on the 'white board' in the Plant Control Tower and written notes shall be used to convey plant status and/or situations, such as the status of equipment repair, upgrade or other timely information

Appendix D COMPLIANCE MONITORING PLAN (CMP) FOR FACILITIES BURNING RECYCLED USED OIL (RUO)

A. All RUO must be acceptable for use as a fuel under federal and state used oil regulations. A certificate of analysis must accompany each delivery and must be kept on file.

Each shipment from the used oil supplier must be accompanied by documentation demonstrating that the used oil meets specification levels in 40 CFR 279.11 (Standards for the Management of Used Oil) and R 299.9809, promulgated pursuant to Part 111, Hazardous Waste Management, of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451, as amended. The documentation shall include supplier certification and analytical data. The analysis must be for the batch of used oil accepted for use as a fuel by the permittee. Separate truckloads may have identical documentation from the supplier if they are loaded from a unique batch from a single supplier. A batch is a quantity of used oil contained in one storage unit (i.e., tank, tanker truck, barge, etc.) where no additional oil is put into the storage unit after testing. If additional oil is added to a storage unit after testing, a new batch has been created.

The supplier certificate of analysis shall be reviewed by the permittee to ensure that the RUO properties and constituents do not exceed any of the used oil specifications contained in the following table prior to acceptance and off-loading of the shipment.

Property/Constituent Allowable Level Higher Heating Value 17,000 Btu per pound (minimum) Arsenic 5.0 ppmw (maximum) Cadmium 2.0 ppmw (maximum) Chromium 10.0 ppmw (maximum) Lead 100.0 ppmw (maximum) Sulfur 1.5 percent (maximum) Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) 1.0 ppmw (maximum) Total Halogens 1,000 ppmw (maximum)

TABLE 1 - ALLOWABLE LEVELS FOR RUO

Verification: Shipping records for each load received shall be maintained a minimum of five (5) years.

B. All RUO deliveries shall be screened for halogens.

Upon receipt of each RUO fuel shipment and prior to off-loading the RUO fuel, the permittee shall obtain a representative sample according to methods described in EPA publication SW-846 "Test Methods for Evaluation Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods." The sample shall be screened for Total Halogens using SW-846 Method 9077.

Verification: Records of the Total Halogens test results shall be maintained a minimum of five (5) years.

C. Required Laboratory Analysis

A split sample of the RUO shall be submitted by the facility to an independent laboratory to verify the information provided on the supplier certificate of analysis for the batch. The laboratory analysis shall include the properties and constituents listed in Table 1. A second split sample shall be maintained by the facility until the end of the calendar year and shall be made available to the AQD upon request.

Any independent laboratory used by the facility for RUO analysis shall develop a Quality Assurance Plan (QAP). Detailed in the QAP shall be the QA/QC procedures, sample handling, storage, chain of custody procedures.

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analytical methods for all analyses, a description of the laboratory instrumentation, and the instrumental detection limits. The analytical methods used by the independent laboratory should be consistent with the methods identified in the RUO Supplier's Analysis Plan pursuant to 40 CFR 279.55. The facility shall maintain a copy of the approved QAP on site or at the corporate offices and be available for AQD inspection.

D. Laboratory Analysis Frequency

The laboratory analysis required in this CMP shall be completed per Method 1 and/or Method 2 as applicable.

Method 1 - Pre-Qualification: For a dedicated tank of RUO, one split sample analysis is required.

For a single batch of RUO, the laboratory analysis shall be required once prior to any shipments from that batch being received at the facility. For Method 1 pre-qualification, a batch is a quantity of RUO contained in the supplier's storage unit where no additional oil is put into the storage unit after a representative sample has been collected for analysis. If additional oil is added to the storage unit, both a new supplier certificate of analysis and laboratory analysis are necessary.

Upon receipt of a shipment of RUO, the shipping paper shall be reviewed to determine if the RUO originated from a pre-qualified batch. All RUO shipments which are not from a pre-qualified batch are required to complete the quarterly sample analysis in Method 2.

Verification: A list of RUO batches that have been pre-qualified, along with records of the RUO analytical data from both the supplier and the permittee for the same batch, shall be maintained a minimum of five (5) years.

Method 2 - On-Site Qualification: For all shipments which are not a pre-qualified batch, a quarterly split sample analysis is required.

When the permittee accepts RUO that is not pre-qualified by Method 1, a minimum of one sample per calendar quarter shall be submitted for the required laboratory analysis. The quarterly sample(s) shall be selected from any of the RUO batches accepted by the permittee that are not pre-qualified by Method 1. Unless an alternative plan is approved by the AQD District Supervisor, the time interval between collection of samples shall be a minimum of 45 days.

Verification: A list of all RUO batches accepted and those that have been selected for quarterly sampling, along with records of the RUO analytical data from both the supplier and the permittee for the same batch, shall be maintained a minimum of five (5) years.