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Source Test Report for 2022 Compliance Testing Combustion Turbine Generators with Heat Recovery Steam Generators GT11 DTE Electric Company Blue Water Energy Center, Facility ID No B2796 China Township, Michigan

Prepared For:

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Prepared By:

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Review and Certification

All work, calculations, and other activities and tasks performed and presented in this document were carried out by me or under my direction and supervision. I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge, Montrose operated in conformance with the requirements of the Montrose Quality Management System and ASTM D7036-04 during this test project.

Signature:	Jelle-	Date:	6/10/2022
Name:	John Hamner	Title:	Account Manager
other appropr knowledge, th	iate written materials conta	ined hereir hentic, acc	calculations, results, conclusions, and n. I hereby certify that, to the best of my urate, and conforms to the requirements STM D7036-04.
Signature:	Harris C.	Date:	6/10/2022
Name:	Roy Slick	Title:	Reporting QC Specialist II



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1.0 Introduction

1.1 Summary of Test Program

Kiewit Power Constructors (Kiewit) contracted Montrose Air Quality Services, LLC (Montrose) to perform a compliance emissions test program on the outlet stacks of a natural gas fired combustion turbine generators (CTG) with a heat recovery steam generator (HRSG) designated as GT11 at the DTE Electric Company (DTE) Blue Water Energy Center (BWEC) facility located in China Township, Michigan.

The tests were conducted to demonstrate compliance with the permit limits listed in the facility's plan approval (Permit No: 19-18).

The specific objectives were to:

- Measure emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC) at the outlet of GT11
- Measure emissions of Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) at the outlet of GT11
- Measure emissions of Sulfuric Acid (H₂SO₄) at the outlet of GT11
- Measure emissions of Particulate Matter (PM_{10/2.5}) at the outlet of GT11
- Conduct the test program with a focus on safety

Montrose performed the tests to measure the emission parameters listed in Table 1-1.



Table 1-1 Summary of Test Program

Test Date(s)	Unit ID/ Source Name	Activity/Parameters	Test Methods	No. of Runs	Duration (Minutes)
4/8,4/9 4/10,4/12	GT11 Fired GT11 Unfired	Velocity/Volumetric Flow Rate	EPA 1 & 2	3	180
4/8,4/9 4/10,4/12	GT11 Fired GT11 Unfired	O ₂ , CO ₂	EPA 3A	3	180
4/8,4/9 4/10,4/12	GT11 Fired GT11 Unfired	Moisture	EPA 4	3	180
4/8,4/9 4/10,4/12	GT11 Fired GT11 Unfired	ТРМ	EPA 5/202	3	180
4/8 4/12	GT11 Fired GT11 Unfired	VOC	EPA 25A/18	3	60
4/8,4/9 4/10,4/12	GT11 Fired GT11 Unfired	H₂SO ₄	EPA CTM-013	3	120
4/8 4/12	Fuel Sample	SO ₂	ASTM D-5504	1	Fuel Gas Grab Sample
4/8,4/9 4/10,4/12	Fuel Sample	Fuel Factor	EPA Method 19/ASTM D- 1945	1	Fuel Gas Grab Sample
4/8,4/9 4/10,4/12	GT11 Fired GT11 Unfired	Post-test meter calibration check	EPA ALT-009		
4/8,4/9 4/10,4/12	GT11 Fired GT11 Unfired	Post-test thermocouple calibration check	EPA ALT-011		



To simplify this report, a list of Units and Abbreviations is included in Appendix D.1. Throughout this report, chemical nomenclature, acronyms, and reporting units are not defined. Please refer to the list for specific details.

This report presents the test results and supporting data, descriptions of the testing procedures, descriptions of the facility and sampling locations, and a summary of the quality assurance procedures used by Montrose. The average emission test results are summarized and compared to their respective permit limits in Table 1-2. Detailed results for individual test runs can be found in Section 4.0. All supporting data can be found in the appendices.

The testing was conducted by the Montrose personnel listed in Table 1-3. The tests were conducted according to the test plan (protocol) dated June 28th, 2021 that was submitted to and approved by the Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy



Table 1-2 Summary of Average Compliance Results – GT11 FIRED April 8 and 9, 2022

Parameter/Units	Average Results	Emission Limits
Particulate Matter (PM)		
gr/dscf	0.000786	XX
lb/hr	8.77	16
lb/MMBtu	0.002146	XX
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)		
ppmvd	0.027	XX
ppmvd @ 15% O2	0.017	XX
lb/MMBtu	0.000085	0.0012
Sulfuric Acid Mist (H ₂ SO ₄)		в Восто на 1866 г. — Сто в на възгласно на
ppmvd	0.0010	XX
lb/hr	0.214	5.04
lb/MMBtu	0.00006	0.0013
Total Non-Methane/Non-Etha	ne Hydrocarbons, as Propane (VC	OC)
ppmvd	0.00	XX
lb/MMBtu	0.000	0.0026



Table 1-3 Summary of Average Compliance Results - GT11 UNFIRED April 10 and 12, 2022

Parameter/Units	Average Results	Emission Limits	
Particulate Matter (PM)			
gr/dscf	0.001028	XX	
lb/hr	11.53	12.2	
lb/MMBtu	0.003120	XX	
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)			
ppmvd	0.024	XX	
ppmvd @ 15% O2	0.017	XX	
lb/MMBtu	0.000086	0.0012	
Sulfuric Acid Mist (H ₂ SO ₄)			
ppmvd	0.0006	XX	
lb/hr	0.0125	5.04	
lb/MMBtu	0.00004	0.0013	
Total Non-Methane/Non-Etha	ne Hydrocarbons, as Propane (VC)C)	
ppmvd	0.00 XX		
lb/MMBtu	0.000	0.0013	



1.2 Key Personnel

A list of project participants is included below:

Facility Information

Source Location: DTE Electric Company

Blue Water Energy Center

4400 River Road East China, MI 48054

Project Contact: Mr. Jon Campbell

Role: Commissioning & Start Up

Manager

Company: Kiewit

Telephone: 913-522-2634

Email: Jonathan.campbell@kiewit.com

Mr. Mark Grigereit

313-412-0305

DTE Electric Company

mark.grigereit@dteenergy.com

Agency Information

Regulatory Agency: Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy

Agency Contact: Gina Angellotti Telephone: 313-418-0895

Email: angellottir1@michigan.gov

Testing Company Information

Testing Firm: Montrose Air Quality Services, LLC

Contact: Mr. John Hamner Title: Account Manager Telephone: 630-519-5135

Email: jhamner@montrose-env.com

Laboratory Information

Laboratory: Enthalpy Analytical Texas Oil Tech Montrose Air Quality

> Services Laboratories

Elk Grove Village, City, State: Durham, North Houston, Texas

Carolina Illinois

Method: EPA CTM-013 EPA Methods 5/202, **ASTM 1945**

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Test personnel and observers are summarized in Table 1-4.

Table 1-4

Test Personnel and Observers

Name	Affiliation	Role/Responsibility
John Hamner	Montrose	Project Manager
Justin Merryman	Montrose	Project Manager/Qualified Individual (QI)
Sam Grunky	Montrose	Qualified Individual (QI)
Cody Shifflett	Montrose	Qualified Individual (QI)
Jon Campbell	Kiewit Power Constructors	Observer/Client Liaison/Test Coordinator
Mark Grigereit	DTE Electric	Observer
Gina Angellotti	Michigan EGLE	Observer



2.0 Plant and Sampling Location Descriptions

2.1 Process Description, Operation, and Control Equipment

The Blue Water Energy Center consists of two combustion turbines in a combined cycle configuration. A combined cycle electric generating unit consisting of two (2) General Electric ("GE") "H"-class combustion turbines each with maximum fuel type-based heat input of 3,658 million British Thermal Units per hour (MMBtu/hr) (natural gas) coupled with a heat recovery steam generator (HRSG) was constructed. Each HRSG is equipped with a natural gas-fired duct burner rated at 800 MMBTU/hr to provide heat for additional steam production. The HRSG is not capable of operating independently from the CTG on each unit. The CTG/HRSG is equipped with a combined oxidation catalyst for the control of CO and VOCs, and selective catalytic reduction (SCR) with dry low NOx burners for the control of nitrogen oxides. Exhaust emissions from each HRSG will be controlled by oxidation catalyst and selective catalytic reduction (SCR).

2.2 Flue Gas Sampling Location

Information regarding the sampling location is presented in Table 2-1.

Table 2-1 Sampling Location

	Stack Inside	Distance from Nearest Disturbance				
Sampling Location	Diameter (in.)	Downstream EPA "B" (in./dia.)	Number of Traverse Points			
GT11	275.64	552.36/2.0	149.76/0.54	Isokinetic: 24 (6/port) Flow: 24 (6/port) Gaseous: 3		

The sample location was verified in the field to conform to EPA Method 1. Acceptable cyclonic flow conditions were confirmed prior to testing using EPA Method 1, Section 11.4. See Appendix A.1 for more information.

2.3 Operating Conditions and Process Data

Emission tests were performed while the source/units and air pollution control devices were operating at the conditions required by the permit. The unit was tested when operating normally. Full load conditions for the units range from 2,437-3,658 mmbtu/hr without duct firing and from 2,798-4,458 mmbtu/hr with duct firing. This range is based on the amount of fuel the unit requires for maximum routine operating load. The amount of fuel necessary for maximum routine operating load varies based on temperature and other factors. Testing occurred as close to maximum routine operating conditions at the time of testing, but not less than 90% of the maximum routine operating condition at that time.



Plant personnel were responsible for establishing the test conditions and collecting all applicable unit-operating data. The process data that was provided is presented in Appendix B. Data collected includes the following parameters:

Gas Fuel Flow, lb/s



3.0 Sampling and Analytical Procedures

3.1 Test Methods

The test methods for this test program have been presented in Table 1-1. Additional information regarding specific applications or modifications to standard procedures is presented below.

3.1.1 EPA Method 2 – Determination of Stack Gas Velocity and Volumetric Flow Rate (Type S Pitot Tube)

EPA Method 2 is used to measure the gas velocity using an S-type pitot tube connected to a pressure measurement device, and to measure the gas temperature using a calibrated thermocouple connected to a thermocouple indicator. Typically, Type S (Stausscheibe) pitot tubes conforming to the geometric specifications in the test method are used, along with an inclined manometer. The measurements are made at traverse points specified by EPA Method 1. The molecular weight of the gas stream is determined from independent measurements of O2, CO2, and moisture. The stack gas volumetric flow rate is calculated using the measured average velocity head, the area of the duct at the measurement plane, the measured average temperature, the measured duct static pressure, the molecular weight of the gas stream, and the measured moisture.

Pertinent information regarding the performance of the method is presented below:

- · Method Options:
 - S-type pitot tube coefficient is 0.84

The typical sampling system is detailed in Figure 3-1.

3.1.2 EPA Method 3A – Determination of Oxygen and Carbon
Dioxide Concentrations in Emissions from Stationary Sources
(Instrumental Analyzer Procedure)

EPA Method 3A is an instrumental test method used to measure the concentration of O2 and CO2 in stack gas. The effluent gas is continuously or intermittently sampled and conveyed to analyzers that measure the concentration of O2 and CO2. The performance requirements of the method must be met to validate data.

Pertinent information regarding the performance of the method is presented below:

- Method Options:
 - Calibration span values are 20.12% O₂ and 19.87% CO₂
- Target and/or Minimum Required Sample Duration: 60 minutes

The typical sampling system is detailed in Figure 3-2.



3.1.3 EPA Method 4 – Determination of Moisture Content in Stack Gas

EPA Method 4 is a manual, non-isokinetic method used to measure the moisture content of gas streams. Gas is sampled at a constant sampling rate through a probe and impinger train. Moisture is removed using a series of pre-weighed impingers containing methodology-specific liquids and silica gel immersed in an ice water bath. The impingers are weighed after each run to determine the percent moisture.

Pertinent information regarding the performance of the method is presented below:

- · Method Options:
 - The reference method is used to measure moisture
 - Moisture sampling is performed as part of the pollutant sample trains
 - Since it is theoretically impossible for measured moisture to be higher than psychrometric moisture, the psychrometric moisture is also calculated, and the lower moisture value is used in the calculations
- Target and/or Minimum Required Sample Duration: 180 minutes
- Target and/or Minimum Required Sample Volume: 21 scf

The typical sampling system is detailed in Figure 3-1.

3.1.4 EPA Method 5 and 202 – Determination of Particulate Matter from Stationary Sources and Dry Impinger Method for Determining Condensable Particulate Emissions from Stationary Sources

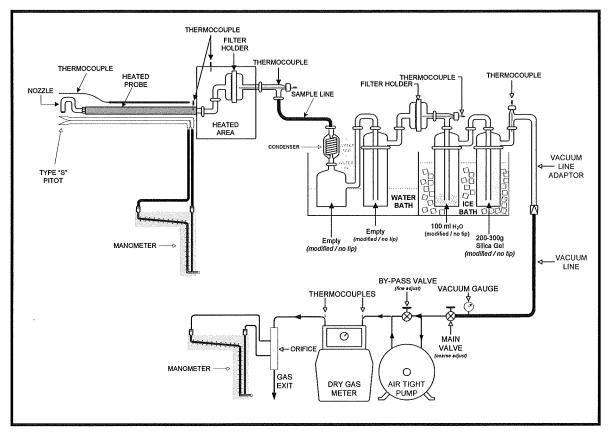
EPA Methods 5 and 202 are manual, isokinetic methods used to measure FPM and CPM emissions. The methods are performed in conjunction with EPA Methods 1 through 4. The stack gas is sampled through a nozzle, probe, heated filter, unheated CPM filter, condenser, and impinger train. FPM is collected from the probe and heater filter. CPM is collected from the unheated CPM filter and the impinger train. The samples are analyzed gravimetrically. The sum of FPM and CPM represents TPM. The FPM, CPM, and TPM results are reported in emission concentration and emission rate units. Pertinent information regarding the performance of the method is presented below:

- Method Options:
 - Glass sample nozzles and probe liners are used
 - Condensed water is measured gravimetrically
- Target and/or Minimum Required Sample Duration: 180 minutes
- Target and/or Minimum Required Sample Volume: 120 dscf
- Analytical Laboratory: Montrose, Elk Grove Village, IL

The typical sampling system is detailed in Figure 3-1.



Figure 3-1
US EPA METHOD 5/202 SAMPLING TRAIN





3.1.5 EPA Method 25A and 18 – Determination of Total Gaseous
Organic Concentration Using a Flame Ionization Analyzer and
Measurement of Gaseous Organic Compound Emissions by
Gas Chromatography

EPA Method 25A is an instrumental test method used to measure the concentration of THC in stack gas. A gas sample is extracted from the source through a heated sample line and glass fiber filter to an FIA. Results are reported as volume concentration equivalents of the calibration gas or as carbon equivalents.

EPA Method 18 is used to measure gaseous organic compounds from stationary sources. The major organic components of a gas mixture are separated by GC and are individually quantified using a FID, PID, ECD, or other appropriate detection principles. The retention times of each separated component are compared with those of known compounds under identical conditions. The GC analyst confirms the identity and approximate concentrations of the organic emission components beforehand. With this information, the analyst then prepares or purchases commercially available standard mixtures to calibrate the GC under conditions identical to those of the samples. The analyst also determines the need for sample dilution to avoid detector saturation, gas stream filtration to eliminate particulate matter, and prevention of moisture condensation.

Total non-methane/non-ethane hydrocarbons concentrations are determined by subtracting methane and ethane from THC.

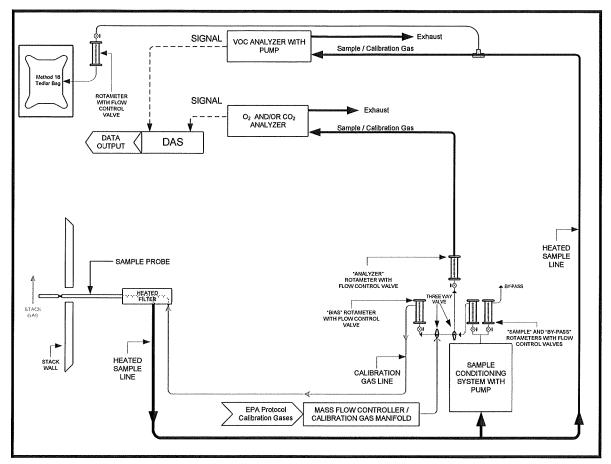
Pertinent information regarding the performance of the method is presented below:

- Method Options:
 - Results are reported in terms of propane
 - Span value for THC is 17.13 ppmvw
 - $^{\circ}$ VOC emissions on a C_3H_8 basis will be calculated by dividing the concentrations as CH_4 by a factor of 3 and concentrations as C_2H_6 by a factor of 2/3
 - Integrated bag sampling and analysis is performed for Method 18
- Method Exceptions:
 - If the gas bags are not analyzed within 48 hours of sampling time, one sample is spiked for the recovery study after analysis. The spiked bag is stored for the same period of time as the samples before analysis.
- Target Analytes: Total non-methane, non-ethane hydrocarbons excluding exempt compounds as defined by EGLE
- Target and/or Minimum Required Sample Duration: 60 minutes
- Analytical Laboratory: Montrose, Elk Grove Village, IL

The typical sampling system is detailed in Figure 3-2.



Figure 3-2 US EPA METHOD 3A 18 (BAG), AND 25A SAMPLING TRAIN





3.1.6 EPA Method CTM-013 – Determination of Sulfuric Acid Vapor or Mist and Sulfur Dioxide Emissions from Kraft Recovery Furnaces

EPA Method CTM-013 is a manual method used to measure SO_X emissions including sulfuric acid mist and SO_2 . A gas sample is extracted from the sampling point in the recovery furnace stack. The sulfuric acid vapor or mist (including SO_3) and the SO_2 are separated, and both fractions are measured separately by the barium-thorin titration method.

Pertinent information regarding the performance of the method is presented below:

- Target and/or Minimum Required Sample Duration: 120 minutes
- Target and/or Minimum Required Sample Volume: 35 dscf
- Analytical Laboratory: Enthalpy Analytic, Durham, North Carolina
- 3.1.7 EPA Method 19 Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Removal Efficiency and Particulate Matter, Sulfur Dioxide, and Nitrogen Oxide Emission Rates

EPA Method 19 is a manual method used to determine (a) PM, SO_2 , and NO_x emission rates; (b) sulfur removal efficiencies of fuel pretreatment and SO_2 control devices; and (c) overall reduction of potential SO_2 emissions. This method provides data reduction procedures, but does not include any sample collection or analysis procedures.

EPA Method 19 is used to calculate the stack gas volumetric flow rate from the measurement of the heat input rate, stack concentration of O_2 or CO_2 , and an F factor determined from fuel analysis. Volumetric flow rates are used to calculate mass emission rates in units of lb/hr. The metered fuel flow rate is recorded during each test period. A fuel sample is collected and analyzed for higher heating value (HHV) and composition (C,H,O,N,S) to calculate the F factor. F factors are determined daily, if not more frequently, from each unique fuel supply.

Pertinent information regarding the performance of the method is presented below:

- Method Options:
 - F factor is the oxygen-based F factor, dry basis (F_d)
 - F factor is calculated from analysis of fuel samples collected on the test day
 - Heat input data is calculated based on the fuel flow rate and higher heating value
 - Higher Heating Value data is obtained from analysis of fuel samples



3.2 Process Test Methods

One sample from each turbine's natural gas supply pipeline was collected into a sample container during testing of that unit. Each container was submitted to Texas Oil Tech for analysis of samples. The analysis provided results of trace fuel sulfur content by ASTM Method D-5504.



4.0 Test Discussion and Results

4.1 Field Test Deviations and Exceptions

The second particulate run during the fired condition is excluded from the results because load and duct firing were lost for approximately 2.5 hours.

4.2 Presentation of Results

The average results are compared to the permit limits in Table 1-2 and 1-3. The results of individual compliance test runs performed are presented in Tables 4-1 through 4-8. Emissions are reported in units consistent with those in the applicable regulations or requirements. Additional information is included in the appendices as presented in the Table of Contents.



Table 4-1 VOC Emissions Results -GT11 Fired

Parameter/Units	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Average
Date	4/8/2022	4/8/2022	4/8/2022	
Time	11:00-11:59	12:25-13:24	13:50-14:49	ake manifestible en de een fall in de ekstelektelsteks aan oor on manifestielsteks andere en de een de een de
Process Data		dimensionere a manifestation de la company de la compa		
Fuel Factor, F _d	8603.767	8603.767	8603.767	0.0000.000-0.000-0.000-0.000-0.000-0.000-0.000-0.000-0.000-0.000-0.000-0.000-0.000-0.000-0.000-0.000-0.000-0.0
Sampling & Flue Gas Parame	eters			
sample duration, minutes	60	60	60	60
O ₂ , % volume dry	11.36	11.33	11.29	11.32
CO ₂ , % volume dry	5.56	5.56	5.58	5.56
Total Non-Methane/Non-Eth	ane Hydrocarbons	s, as Propane ((VOC)	
ppmvw	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
lb/MMBtu	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Table 4-2 SO₂ Emissions Results -GT11 Fired

Parameter/Units	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Average
Date	4/8/2022	4/8/2022	4/8/2022	
Test Number	Grab 1	Grab 1	Grab 1	y y managanana a a a a a a managananananananananananananananananana
Process Data	mmaaanalai molliisid kadi marallai modelii iliiki kooli kalikeli kaleela kaleen kaleen molmakaa koolimii molma			
Fuel Factor, F _d	8603.767	8603.767	8603.767	
Fuel density, lb/scf	0.0451	0.0451	0.0451	
Fuel flow, lb/sec	44.56	44.53	44.42	
Fuel Flow, scfh	3,556,576	3,554,741	3,545,641	
Fuel Sulfur, ppm weight	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Fuel Sulfur, gr/100 scf	0.0316	0.0316	0.0316	
Sampling & Flue Gas Parame	ters			
O ₂ , % volume dry	11.36	11.33	11.29	11.32
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)				
ppmvd	0.027	0.027	0.027	0.027
ppmvd @ 15% O ₂	0.017	0.017	0.017	0.017
lb/hr	0.320	0.320	0.319	0.320
lb/MMBtu	0.000085	0.000085	0.000085	0.000085



Table 4-3 PM Emissions Results -GT 11 Fired

Parameter/Units	Run 1	Run 3	Run 4	Average
Date	4/8/2022	4/9/2022	4/9/2022	
Time	10:00-13:24	7:55-11:17	12:40-15:49	
Process Data				
Fuel Factor F _d , dscf/MMBtu	8608.80	8613.00	8613.00	
Fuel Density, lb/scf	0.0451	0.0456	0.0456	on anni de manueri i mora que da en menere es da 2000 Pilo D-4 (111111 Pilo Pilo Pilo Pilo Pilo Pilo Pilo Pilo
HHV, Btu/scf	1057.00	1065.27	1065.27	ana Dia menangan kecamatan dia manangan manangan 1944 (1949) (1949) (1949) (1949) (1949) (1949)
Fuel Flow Rate, lb/sec	44.57	44.76	44.77	апришина на н
FuelHeat Input, MMBtu/hr	3760.6	3764.2	3765.1	
Sampling & Flue Gas Paramete	rs			
sample duration, minutes	180	180	180	180
sample volume, dscf	151.593	154.855	148.901	151.783
isokinetic rate, %	101.36	100.19	101.01	100.85
O ₂ , % volume dry	11.40	11.57	11.51	11.49
CO ₂ , % volume dry	5.54	5.39	5.40	5.44
flue gas temperature, °F	168.8	167.8	167.7	168.1
moisture content, % volume	9.36	9.47	9.66	9.50
volumetric flow rate, dscfm	1,292,859	1,335,998	1,274,306	1,301,054
Filterable Particulate Matter (F	PM)	\$\rightarrow\rightarro	***************************************	mplantament (mplantament (mplantament) (mpla
mg	2.0	3.0	2.9	2.6
gr/dscf	0.000204	0.000299	0.000301	0.000268
lb/hr	2.26	3.42	3.28	2.99
lb/MMBtu	0.000550	0.000822	0.000821	0.000731
Condensable PM				
mg	4.9	5.5	4.9	5.1
gr/dscf	0.000499	0.000548	0.000508	0.000518
lb/hr	5.53	6.28	5.55	5.78
lb/MMBtu	0.001348	0.001508	0.001388	0.001414
Total PM				
mg	6.9	8.5	7.8	7.7
gr/dscf	0.000702	0.000847	0.000808	0.000786
lb/hr	7.78	9.70	8.83	8.77
lb/MMBtu	0.00190	0.002330	0.002209	0.002146



Table 4-4 H₂SO₄ Mist Emissions Results -GT11 Fired

Parameter/Units	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Average
Date	4/8/2022	4/8/2022	4/9/2022	
Time	10:00-12:00	13:20-15:20	9:20-11:20	one de meior de la destinación de la combinación com un minima de la combinación de 1944 (1954 (1954 (1954 (19
Process Data	anne de la companya d	and the second control of the second		
Fuel Heat Input, MMBtu/hr	3761	3709	3764	
Sampling & Flue Gas Paramet	ers	angerverientem til med en en stem stem stem stem stem stem stem stem		
sample duration, minutes	120.00	120.00	120.00	120.00
sample volume, dscf	47.028	42.356	43.582	44.322
O ₂ , % volume dry	11.40	11.43	11.57	11.47
CO ₂ , % volume dry	5.54	5.55	5.39	5.49
moisture content, % volume	9.07	10.00	9.71	9.59
volumetric flow rate, dscfh	77,574,120	77,754,060	76,292,640	77,206,940
Sulfuric Acid Mist (H₂SO₄)				
mg	0.0045	0.0088	0.0032	0.0055
ppmvd	0.008	0.0017	0.0006	0.0010
lb/hr	0.0162	0.0355	0.0124	0.214
lb/MMBtu	0.000004	0.000010	0.000003	0.000006



Table 4-5 VOC Emissions Results -GT11 Unfired

Parameter/Units	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Average
Date	4/12/2022	4/12/2022	4/12/2022	
Time	9:50-10:49	11:20-12:19	12:50-13:49	
Process Data			a vitaria que en entre en el como en en el quina que en en el como en el como en el como el como el como el com	
Fuel Factor, F _d	8603.767	8603.767	8603.767	
Sampling & Flue Gas Parame	ters	9999		
sample duration, minutes	60	60	60	60
O ₂ , % volume dry	12.35	12.40	12.42	12.39
CO ₂ , % volume dry	5.04	5.05	5.03	5.04
Total Non-Methane/Non-Etha	ane Hydrocarbon	s, as Propane ((VOC)	
ppmvw	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
lb/MMBtu	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Table 4-6 SO₂ Emissions Results -GT11 Unfired

Parameter/Units	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Average
Date	4/12/2022	4/12/2022	4/12/2022	
Test Number	Grab 1	Grab 1	Grab 1	and an addition of an illustration of the second of the se
Process Data				ke ka sa mahamata 1994, mangang mengata sa mangang mengang 1994 da 1994 (1994 (1994 (1994 (1994 (1994 (1994 (1
Fuel Factor, F _d	8,613	8,613	8,613	
Fuel density, lb/scf	1,065	1,065	1,065	and the state of t
Fuel flow, lb/sec	0.0456	0.0456	0.0456	managalang kang kanasan di dimandifi salam kanbah 1966 kang managan saman
Fuel Flow, scfh	40.28	39.98	39.84	
Fuel Sulfur, ppm weight	3,179,921	3,156,395	3,145,026	
Fuel Sulfur, gr/100 scf	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Sampling & Flue Gas Parame	eters			
O ₂ , % volume dry	12.35	12.40	12.42	12.39
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	alianneau la mana Alian de la minera de media de	de the triber and the triberal of the desired development to the annual annual development of the deliberation	tit och mill och til til och om med til det sted sider klade bliv det det de de det stort til til stil sider s	hatati in nation merenamailian muunilian milatet (1994–1994)
ppmvd	0.024	0.024	0.024	0.024
ppmvd @ 15% O₂	0.017	0.017	0.017	0.017
lb/hr	0.290	0.288	0.286	0.288
lb/MMBtu	0.000086	0.000086	0.000086	0.000086



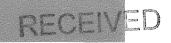
Table 4-7
PM Emissions Results GT 11 Unfired

Parameter/Units	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Run 4	Average
Date	4-10-22	4-10-22	4-12-22	4-12-22	d de l'amenta d'unan l'ament l'antière à mand d'amend de men de ve d'ament ament aver amen
Time	8:23-11:32	11:57-15:07	8:58-12:08	12:38-15:46	
Process Data	Provide didukumi rismoolosi oo olosi markiisuumideen diduumideen kaloodiriisuusia	Emiliar est de regent la come la Camartina de primir moltres e como discrisor e como	Section in the contract of the		a a a ann an Curul ne a luinn meiritean e a a ainmeirite ann an luin e an abhaile - a a bhaile a an bhaile a a
Fuel Factor F _d , dscf/MMBtu	8613.10	8613.10	8613.00	8613.00	
Fuel Density, lb/scf	0.0456	0.0456	0.0456	0.0456	gggljagandumninnlukklyggyninnskyflusklumskiddynklikumlu
HHV, Btu/scf	1065.16	1065.16	1064.90	1064.90	
Fuel Flow Rate, lb/sec	40.74	40.63	40.29	39.76	
FuelHeat Input, MMBtu/hr	3426.3	3417.0	3386.8	3343.1	mentaj distributis (in teres de mente de la francia de
Sampling & Flue Gas Para	meters	**************************************	***************************************	·	
sample duration, minutes	180.00	180.00	180.00	180	180.00
sample volume, dscf	149.766	147.903	146.868	148.536	148.268
isokinetic rate, %	100.40	97.08	96.26	98.14	97.97
O ₂ , % volume dry	12.50	12.50	12.36	12.42	12.45
CO ₂ , % volume dry	4.86	4.85	5.06	5.03	4.95
flue gas temperature, °F	183.6	183.5	183.4	184.9	183.8
moisture content, % volume	9.47	9.50	9.61	9.69	9.57
volumetric flow rate, dscfm	1,289,437	1,316,969	1,318,863	1,308,255	1,308,381
Filterable Particulate Mat	ter (PM)				
mg	1.4	1.0	0.6	1.2	1.1
gr/dscf	0.000144	0.000104	0.000063	0.000125	0.000109
lb/hr	1.59	1.18	0.71	1.40	1.22
lb/MMBtu	0.000441	0.000319	0.000189	0.000377	0.000332
Condensable PM	The contrate of the contrate o		Retarment and event in 1995 the act and and a little field when the invalve in 1995 the short	State Annaber (1904-1903) and Challetter with the development of the Annaber (1904-1904) and the Annaber (1904	
mg	7.2	8.8	10.2	9.1	8.8
gr/dscf	0.000742	0.000918	0.001072	0.000945	0.000918
lb/hr	8.20	10.36	12.11	10.60	10.30
lb/MMBtu	0.002267	0.002805	0.003221	0.002861	0.002789
Total PM				Ž-raja and a state a s	CORMAN COMMISSION CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONT
mg	8.6	9.8	10.8	10.3	9.9
gr/dscf	0.000886	0.001022	0.001135	0.001070	0.001028
lb/hr	9.79	11.54	12.83	12.00	11.53
lb/MMBtu	0.00271	0.00312	0.003410	0.003239	0.003120



Table 4-8 H₂SO₄ Mist Emissions Results -GT11 Unfired

Parameter/Units	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Average
Date	4/12/2022	4/12/2022	4/12/2022	
Time	8:58-10:58	11:11-13:11	13:20-15:20	
Process Data		at de faith de commente an teannaidh ann ann dh'in dhe dh'in dhe dh'in dh'in dh'in dh'in dh'in dh'in dhe ann an	in a that are an an ann ann ann ann an aire ann an an Arrain ann ann an Aire an Aire an Aire an Aire an Aire a	
Fuel Heat Input, MMBtu/hr	3387	3343	3343	3358
Sampling & Flue Gas Paramete	ers	9918		
sample duration, minutes	120.00	120.00	120.00	120.00
sample volume, dscf	43.248	42.712	43.188	43.049
O ₂ , % volume dry	12.73	12.73	12.72	12.73
CO ₂ , % volume dry	5.00	5.00	4.98	4.99
moisture content, % volume	8.94	9.06	9.08	9.03
volumetric flow rate, dscfh	79,131,780	78,495,300	78,495,300	78,707,460
Sulfuric Acid Mist (H₂SO₄)				
mg	0.0033	0.0024	0.0037	0.0031
ppmvd	0.0006	0.0005	0.0007	0.0006
lb/hr	0.0131	0.0098	0.0147	0.0125
lb/MMBtu	0.000004	0.000003	0.000004	0.000004





5.0 Internal QA/QC Activities

5.1 QA/QC Audits

The meter boxes and sampling trains used during sampling performed within the requirements of their respective methods. All post-test leak checks, minimum metered volumes, minimum sample durations, and percent isokinetics met the applicable QA/QC criteria, except where noted in Section 5.2.

EPA Method 3A calibration audits were all within the measurement system performance specifications for the calibration drift checks, system calibration bias checks, and calibration error checks, except where noted in Section 5.2.

EPA Method 25A FIA calibration audits were within the measurement system performance specifications for the calibration drift checks and calibration error checks, except if noted in Section 5.2.

EPA Method 5 analytical QA/QC results are included in the laboratory report. The method QA/QC criteria were met, except if noted in Section 5.2. An EPA Method 5 reagent blank was analyzed. The maximum allowable amount that can be subtracted is 0.001% of the weight of the acetone used. The blank did not exceed the maximum residue allowed.

EPA Method 202 analytical QA/QC results are included in the laboratory report. The method QA/QC criteria were met, except where noted in Section 5.2. An EPA Method 202 Field Train Recovery Blank (FTRB) was performed for each source category. The maximum allowable amount that can be subtracted is 0.002 g (2.0 mg). For this project, the FTRB had a mass of 1.1 mg, and 1.1 mg was subtracted.

EPA Method 18 analytical QA/QC results are included in the laboratory report. The method QA/QC criteria were met, except where noted in Section 5.2.

5.2 QA/QC Discussion

All QA/QC criteria were met during this test program.

5.3 Quality Statement

Montrose is qualified to conduct this test program and has established a quality management system that led to accreditation with ASTM Standard D7036-04 (Standard Practice for Competence of Air Emission Testing Bodies). Montrose participates in annual functional assessments for conformance with D7036-04 which are conducted by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). All testing performed by Montrose is supervised on site by at least one Qualified Individual (QI) as defined in D7036-04 Section 8.3.2. Data quality objectives for estimating measurement uncertainty within the documented limits in the test methods are met by using approved test protocols for each project as defined in D7036-04 Sections 7.2.1 and 12.10. Additional quality assurance



information is included in the report appendices. The content of this report is modeled after the EPA Emission Measurement Center Guideline Document (GD-043).