

#### 1.0 Introduction

#### 1.1 Summary of Test Program

UP Paper, LLC - Manistique, LLC (State Registration No. :A6475), located in Manistique, Michigan, contracted Montrose Air Quality Services (Montrose) of Royal Oak, Michigan, to conduct a Relative Accuracy Audit (RAA) of the Predictive Emission Monitoring System (PEMS) for their Boiler 4 (EUBLR004). Testing was performed on May 18, 2022, for the purpose of satisfying the emission testing requirements of Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy (EGLE) Renewable Operating Permit No. MI ROP-A6475-2019 by evaluating the quality of the emissions data produced by UP Paper, LLC's PEMS in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendices A and B.

The specific objectives were to:

- Verify the relative accuracy of oxygen (%-dry as  $O_2$ ), nitrogen oxides ( $NO_x$ ) (ppmvd) and (Ib/MMBtu) (as  $NO_2$ ) at the exhaust stack serving EUBLR004 in accordance with Performance Specifications 16 (PS-16)
- Conduct the test program with a focus on safety

Montrose performed the tests to measure the emission parameters listed in Table 1-1.

Table 1-1 Summary of Test Program

Test Date(s)	Unit ID/ Source Name	Activity/Parameters	Test Methods	No. of Runs	Duration (Minutes)
5/18/2022	EUBLR004	O <sub>2</sub>	EPA 3A	3	30
5/18/2022	EUBLR004	NO <sub>x</sub>	EPA 7E	3	30

To simplify this report, a list of Units and Abbreviations is included in Appendix C.1. Throughout this report, chemical nomenclature, acronyms, and reporting units are not defined. Please refer to the list for specific details.

This report presents the test results and supporting data, descriptions of the testing procedures, descriptions of the facility and sampling locations, and a summary of the quality assurance procedures used by Montrose. The RA test results are summarized and compared to their respective regulatory requirements in Table 1-2. Detailed results for individual test runs can be found in Section 4.0. All supporting data can be found in the appendices.

The testing was conducted by the Montrose personnel listed in Table 1-3.

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#### Table 1-2 Summary of Part 60 RAA Results – EUBLR004

#### May 18, 2022

Parameter/Units	Regulatory Reference	RA	Allowable
Part 60			
Oxygen (O <sub>2</sub> )		erione en l'amente encione continue en entre de l'En de emmandem en en en enemail à l'amb	
% volume dry	PS-16	0.042	± 1% as O <sub>2</sub>
Nitrogen Oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> )		h	
ppmvd	PS-16	-1.58	± 20% of RM
NO <sub>x</sub> , as NO <sub>2</sub>		Harmon en	
lb/MMBtu	PS-16	-0.99	± 20% of RM

## 1.2 Key Personnel

A list of project participants is included below:

#### **Facility Information**

Source Location: UP Paper, LLC

402 West Ell Street

Manistique, MI 49854

Project Contact: Mark Ozoga

Role: Environmental Manager

Company: UP Paper, LLC Telephone: 260-729-8213

Email: markozoga@uppaperllc.com

#### **Testing Company Information**

Testing Firm: Montrose Air Quality Services, LLC

Contact: Todd Wessel Robert J. Lisy, Jr.

Title: Client Project Manager Reporting Hub Manager

Telephone: 248-548-8070 440-262-3760

Email: twessel@montrose-env.com rlisy@montrose-env.com



Test personnel and observers are summarized in Table 1-3.

# Table 1-3 Test Personnel and Observers

Name	Affiliation	Role/Responsibility
Todd Wessel	Montrose	Client Project Manager, QI
David Koponen	Montrose	Field Technician
Mark Ozoga	UP Paper, LLC	Observer/Client Liaison/Test Coordinator



# 2.0 Plant and Sampling Location Descriptions

# 2.1 Process Description, Operation, and Control Equipment

Boiler 4 (EUBLR004) generates steam for use in mill operations. The boiler is rated for a maximum heat input capacity of 186.8 MMBtu/hr and is equipped with low-NOx burners and flue gas recirculation for NOx emissions control.

# 2.2 Facility PEMS and Reference Method (RM) CEMS Descriptions

The Facility PEMS information is presented in Table 2-1, and the RM CEMS analyzer information is presented in Table 2-2.

Table 2-1 Facility PEMS Information

	Analyzer Type	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
C	)2	CMC Solutions	SmartCEMS®-60	EUBLR004.9995
1	NO <sub>X</sub>	CMC Solutions	SmartCEMS®-60	EUBLR004.9995

Table 2-2
RM CEMS Information

Demonstration with	Analyzer Type	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Range
OHIDANI CERCINO	O <sub>2</sub>	M&C	PMA100-L	502189	0-20.48%
OZA meninamena	NO <sub>x</sub>	Teledyne	T200H	84	0-90.83 ppm

# 2.3 Flue Gas Sampling Location

Information regarding the sampling location is presented in Table 2-3.

Table 2-3
Sampling Location

		Distance from Nearest Disturbance				
Sampling Location	Stack Inside Diameter (in.)	Downstream EPA "B" (in./dia.)	Upstream EPA "A" (in./dia.)	Number of Traverse Points		
EUBLR004 Exhaust Stack	72.0	~168.0/2.3	~432.0/6.0	Gaseous: 3		

See Appendix A.1 for more information.



### 2.4 Operating Conditions and Process Data

The PEMS RAA was performed while the EUBLR004 was operating at normal capacity.

Plant personnel were responsible for establishing the test conditions and collecting all applicable unit-operating data. The Facility PEMS and process data that was provided is presented in Appendix B. Data collected includes the following parameters:

- Facility PEMS data for each 30-minute RAA run
- Heat Input Rate, MMBtu/hr
- Gas flow rates, kscfh



# 3.0 Sampling and Analytical Procedures

#### 3.1 Test Methods

The test methods for this test program have been presented in Table 1-1. Additional information regarding specific applications or modifications to standard procedures is presented below.

3.1.1 EPA Method 3A, Determination of Oxygen and Carbon Dioxide Concentrations in Emissions from Stationary Sources (Instrumental Analyzer Procedure)

EPA Method 3A is an instrumental test method used to measure the concentration of  $O_2$  and  $CO_2$  in stack gas. The effluent gas is continuously or intermittently sampled and conveyed to analyzers that measure the concentration of  $O_2$  and  $CO_2$ . The performance requirements of the method must be met to validate data.

The typical sampling system is detailed in Figure 3-1.

3.1.2 EPA Method 7E, Determination of Nitrogen Oxides Emissions from Stationary Sources (Instrumental Analyzer Procedure)

EPA Method 7E is an instrumental test method used to continuously measure emissions of  $NO_x$  as  $NO_2$ . Conditioned gas is sent to an analyzer to measure the concentration of  $NO_x$ . NO and  $NO_2$  can be measured separately or simultaneously together but, for the purposes of this method,  $NO_x$  is the sum of  $NO_2$ . The performance requirements of the method must be met to validate the data.

The typical sampling system is detailed in Figure 3-1.

3.1.3 EPA Method 19, Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Removal
Efficiency and Particulate Matter, Sulfur Dioxide, and Nitrogen
Oxide Emission Rates

EPA Method 19 is used to calculate mass emission rates in units of lb/MMBtu. EPA Method 19, Table 19-2 contains a list of assigned fuel factors for different types of fuels, which can be used for these calculations.

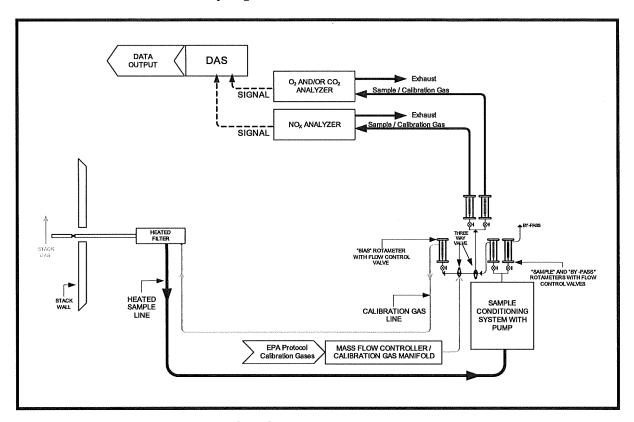
3.1.4 EPA Performance Specification 16, Specifications and Test Procedures for Predictive Emission Monitoring Systems in Stationary Sources

EPA Performance Specification 16 is a specification used to evaluate the acceptability of Predictive Emission Monitoring Systems (PEMS) to show compliance with an emission limitation under 40 CFR 60, 61, or 63. These procedures are used to certify a PEMS after initial installation and periodically thereafter to ensure the system is operating properly and



meets the requirements of all applicable regulations. Ongoing QA/QC tests include sensor evaluation, bias correction, quarterly Relative Accuracy Audits (RAA), and annual Relative Accuracy Test Audits (RATA).

Figure 3-1
EPA Method 3A and 7E Sampling Train



### 3.2 Process Test Methods

The test plan did not require that process samples be collected during this test program; therefore, no process sample data are presented in this test report.

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#### 4.0 Test Discussion and Results

# 4.1 Field Test Deviations and Exceptions

No field deviations or exceptions from the test plan or test methods occurred during this test program.

#### 4.2 Presentation of Results

The RA results are compared to the regulatory requirements in Table 1-2. The results of individual test runs performed are presented in Tables 4-1 through 4-3. Emissions are reported in units consistent with those in the applicable regulations or requirements. Additional information is included in the appendices as presented in the Table of Contents.



Table 4-1 NO<sub>x</sub> (ppmvd) RAA Results -EUBLR004

Run #	Date	Time	RM	PEMS	Difference	Run Used (Y/N)
1	5/18/2022	12:48-13:18	25.541	24.499	-1.042	Υ
2	5/18/2022	13:31-14:01	25.125	25.332	0.207	Y
3	5/18/2022	14:13-14:43	25.602	25.232	-0.370	Y
Avera	ges		25.422	25.021	-0.401	
Unit Load		Normal			3.4	
RA based on mean RM value		-1.58	%			

Table 4-2 NO<sub>x</sub> (lb/MMBtu) RAA Results -EUBLR004

Run #	Date	Time	RM	PEMS	Difference	Run Used (Y/N)
1	5/18/2022	12:48-13:18	0.033	0.032	-0.0009	Y
2	5/18/2022	13:31-14:01	0.032	0.033	0.0005	Y
3	5/18/2022	14:13-14:43	0.033	0.032	-0.0006	Y
Avera	ges		0.033	0.032	-0.0003	and the second s
Unit L	oad		Normal			
RA based on mean RM value		-0.995	%			

#### Table 4-3 O<sub>2</sub> (%-Dry) RAA Results -EUBLR004

Run #	Date	Time	RM	PEMS	Difference	Run Used (Y/N)
1	5/18/2022	12:48-13:18	4.003	4.026	0.023	Υ
2	5/18/2022	13:31-14:01	4.086	4.077	-0.009	Y
3	5/18/2022	14:13-14:43	3.852	3.964	0.112	Y
Avera	ges		3.980	4.022	0.042	
Unit L	.oad		Normal			
RA based on mean difference		0.042	%-dry as O₂			



# 5.0 Internal QA/QC Activities

#### 5.1 QA/QC Audits

Table 5-1 presents a summary of the gas cylinder information.

Table 5-1
Part 60 Gas Cylinder Information

Gas Type	Gas Concentrations	Cylinder ID	Expiration Date
O <sub>2</sub> , Balance N <sub>2</sub>	10.18%	CC469780	3/14/2030
O <sub>2</sub> , Balance N <sub>2</sub>	20.48%	CC21126	5/17/2029
NO <sub>x</sub> , Balance N <sub>2</sub>	49.94 ppmv	ALM-066662	11/19/2023
NO <sub>x</sub> , Balance N₂	90.83 ppmv	CC194558	6/3/2029
NO₂, Balance N₂	51.92 ppmv	CC513944	1/4/2024

EPA Method 3A and 7E calibration audits were all within the measurement system performance specifications for the calibration drift checks, system calibration bias checks, and calibration error checks.

The  $NO_2$  to NO converter efficiency check of the analyzer was conducted per the procedures in EPA Method 7E, Section 8.2.4. The conversion efficiency met the criteria.

## 5.2 QA/QC Discussion

All QA/QC criteria were met during this test program.

# 5.3 Quality Statement

Montrose is qualified to conduct this test program and has established a quality management system that led to accreditation with ASTM Standard D7036-04 (Standard Practice for Competence of Air Emission Testing Bodies). Montrose participates in annual functional assessments for conformance with D7036-04 which are conducted by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). All testing performed by Montrose is supervised on site by at least one Qualified Individual (QI) as defined in D7036-04 Section 8.3.2. Data quality objectives for estimating measurement uncertainty within the documented limits in the test methods are met by using approved test protocols for each project as defined in D7036-04 Sections 7.2.1 and 12.10. Additional quality assurance information is included in the report appendices. The content of this report is modeled after the EPA Emission Measurement Center Guideline Document (GD-043).

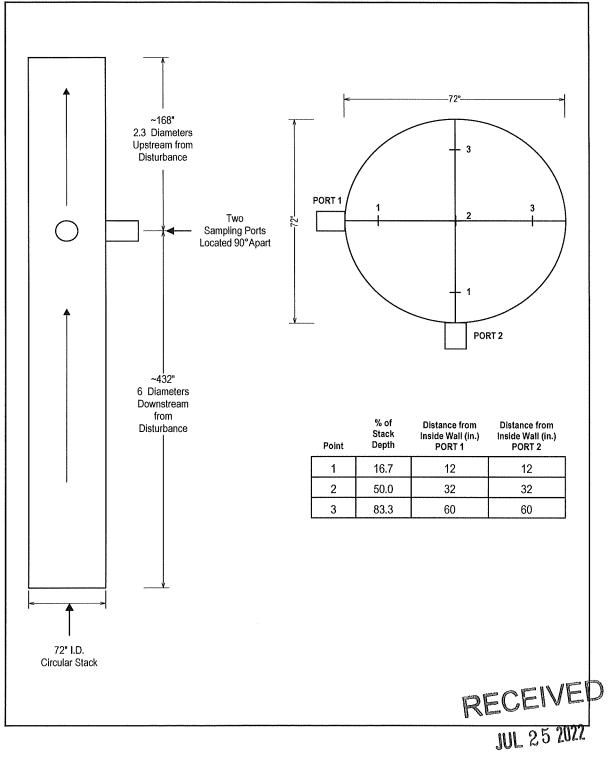


# Appendix A Field Data and Calculations



# Appendix A.1 Sampling Locations

#### **BOILER 4 EXHAUST TRAVERSE POINT LOCATION DRAWING**



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